First Judicial District Court	DISMISSAL OF DIVORCE
Parish of Caddo	In accordance with C.C.P. Art. 3958, a petition for divorce filed under C.C. Art. 102 shall only be dismissed upon joint motion of the parties and payment of all court costs, or upon contradictory motion of the plaintiff. Thus, any motion to dismiss a petition for divorce must clearly state whether the divorce petition was filed in accordance with C.C. Art. 102 or 103.

Second Judicial District Court

Parishes of Bienville, Claiborne and Jackson

Third Judicial District Court

Parishes of Lincoln and Union

Fourth Judicial District Court

Parishes of Morehouse and Ouachita

Fifth Judicial District Court

Parishes of Franklin, Richland and West Carroll

Sixth Judicial District Court

Parishes of East Carroll, Madison and Tensas

Seventh Judicial District Court

Parishes of Catahoula

Eighth Judicial District Court

Parish of Winn

Ninth Judicial District Court

Parish of Rapides

Tenth Judicial District Court

Parish of Natchitoches

Eleventh Judicial District Court

Parish of Sabine

Twelfth Judicial District Court

Parish of Avoyelles

Thirteenth Judicial District Court

Parish of Evangeline

Fourteenth Judicial District Court

Parish of Calcasieu

Fifteenth Judicial District Court

RULES TO SHOW CAUSE

Parishes of Acadia, Lafayette and Vermilion To enter a judgment of divorce it shall be sufficient to introduce the testimony of the moving party to constitute a prima facie case in divorce matters filed pursuant to C.C. Article 102.

REQUIRED AFFIDAVITS

The entering of a divorce under C.C. Art. 102 may be accomplished by affidavit in accordance with

C.C.P. Articles 3951 et. seq. In that event, the mover's attorney shall complete and submit the C.C. Art. 102 Divorce Checklist form in Appendix 27.0A of the District Court Rules. The Checklist form and affidavit shall be filed no later than the date the Rule is fixed for hearing.

Sixteenth Judicial District Court

Parishes of Iberia, St. Martin and St. Mary

Seventeenth Judicial District Court

Parish of Lafourche

Eighteenth Judicial District Court

Parishes of Iberville, Pointe Coupee and West Baton Rouge

Nineteenth Judicial District Court

Parish of East Baton Rouge

Family Court, Parish of East Baton Rouge

For the Parish of East Baton Rouge

Twentieth Judicial District Court

Parishes of East Feliciana and West Feliciana

Twenty-First Judicial District Court

Parishes of Livingston, St. Helena and Tangipahoa

The entering of a divorce pursuant to La. Civil Code Art 102 may be accomplished by affidavit in accordance with La. Code Civ. Proc. Art. 3951, et seq. In that event, the mover and/or mover's attorney shall complete and submit the appropriate Louisiana Civil Code Article 102 Divorce Form. The appropriate form and affidavit shall be filed no later than the date the Rule is fixed for hearing. After filing a rule to show cause in a pending divorce proceeding, the Court may enter a Judgment granting a Judgment of Divorce under La. Civil Code Art. 102 without the appearance of mover or counsel if, at the time of the scheduled hearing, the record contains (1) The Rule, (2) Proof of service of the Petition or waiver of service, (3) An Affidavit executed by the mover as required by La. Code Civ. Proc. Art. 3952, (4) Proof of service of the Rule or waiver of service, (5) An Affidavit executed by the mover after the Rule was filed as required by La. Code Civ. Proc. Art. 3956(5), and (6) the appropriate form (Appendix Form A) completed and signed by the mover/counsel for the mover.
 RULES TO SHOW CAUSE A. Hearings of La. C.C. Art. 102 rules to show cause why a divorce should not be granted may be heard by the domestic commissioner. B. Verified rule to show cause why a divorce should not be granted pursuant to La. C.C. Art. 102 shall contain the following: (See La. C.C.P. Art. 3952) 1. The date the parties physically separated; 2. The date the petition for divorce was filed; 3. The date the petition for divorce was served; and 4. Statement of non-reconciliation. C. At the hearing of the La. C.C. Art. 102 rule to show cause why a divorce should not be granted a checklist for divorce under La. C.C. Art. 102 and a statement that the rule is contested or uncontested shall be filed in the record. See Appendix 27.0B. D. The domestic commissioner may appoint an attorney to represent the absent defendant. E. At the hearing, the mover's attorney should offer and introduce for filing the entire record and the C. Art. 102 divorce checklist contained at Appendix 27.0B. The attorney appointed to represent an absent party shall offer a note of evidence at the hearing. F. If the rule for divorce is uncontested, the commissioner shall grant the divorce if appropriate. REQUIRED AFFIDAVITS At the hearing on the rule to show cause, the mover must submit the following affidavits: 1. An affidavit executed after the filing of the rule to show cause, that the grates have lived separate and apart continuously, for at least 180 days prior to the filing of the rule to show cause, that mover desires to be divorced; and

marriage. One affidavit containing all required facts may be submitted in lieu of multiple affidavits.

ATTORNEY CERTIFICATIONS

Before a rule for divorce pursuant to La. C.C. Art. 102 may be heard, the moving party must file into the record a certification of the truthfulness of the statements contained in the La. C.C. Art. 102 divorce checklist. This certification may be satisfied by signing the checklist.

DISMISSAL OF DIVORCE

All motions to dismiss petitions for divorce shall state that the petition was filed pursuant to La. C.C. Art. 102. In compliance with La. C.C.P. Art. 3958, a petition for divorce filed pursuant to La. C.C. Art. 102 shall be dismissed only upon joint motion of the parties and payment of all court costs, or upon contradictory motion of the plaintiff, to be heard by the district judge. A judgment of dismissal rendered pursuant to La. C.C.P. Art. 3958 shall be without prejudice to any separation of property decree rendered under La. C.C. Arts. 2374 and 2375.

Twenty-Fifth Judicial District Court

Parish of Plaquemines

Twenty-Sixth Judicial District Court

Parishes of Bossier and Webster

Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Court

Parish of St. Landry

Twenty-Eighth Judicial District Court

Parish of LaSalle

Twenty-Ninth Judicial District Court

Parish of St. Charles

Thirtieth Judicial District Court

Parish of Vernon

Thirty-First Judicial District Court

Parish of Jefferson Davis

Thirty-Second Judicial District Court

Parish of Terrebonne

Thirty-Third Judicial District Court

Parish of Allen

Thirty-Fourth Judicial District Court

Parish of St. Bernard

Thirty-Fifth Judicial District Court

Parish of Grant

Thirty-Sixth Judicial District Court

Parish of Beauregard

Thirty-Seventh Judicial District Court

Parish of Caldwell

Thirty-Eighth Judicial District Court

Parish of Cameron

Thirty-Ninth Judicial District Court

Parish of Red River

Fortieth Judicial District Court

Parish of St. John the Baptist

Civil District Court

Parish of Orleans

Criminal District Court

Parish of Orleans

Forty-Second Judicial District Court

Parish of DeSoto