



SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA

2025 ANNUAL REPORT

of the Judicial Council of the Supreme Court



LOUISIANA JUDICIARY:

HONORING OUR PAST, INVESTING IN OUR FUTURE.

THE SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA



(L-R) Justice John Michael Guidry, Justice Jay B. McCallum, Justice Jefferson Hughes, Chief Justice John L. Weimer, Justice William J. Crain, Justice Piper D. Griffin, Justice Cade R. Cole

CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN L. WEIMER
Sixth Supreme Court District

Parts of Ascension, Assumption, parts of East Baton Rouge, Parts of Jefferson, parts of Orleans, Plaquemines, parts of St. Charles, parts of St. James, and parts of St. John the Baptist Parishes.

JUSTICE JAY B. MCCALLUM
Fourth Supreme Court District

Bienville, Bossier, parts of Caddo, Caldwell, Catahoula, Claiborne, Franklin, Grant, Jackson, LaSalle, Lincoln, Morehouse, parts of Ouachita, parts of Rapides, Red River, Union, Webster, West Carroll, and Winn Parishes.

[See Court District Maps on pages 36-37.](#)

JUSTICE JEFFERSON HUGHES
Fifth Supreme Court District

Acadia, Iberia, parts of Lafayette, Lafourche, St. Martin, St. Mary, Terrebonne, and Vermilion Parishes.

JUSTICE PIPER D. GRIFFIN
Seventh Supreme Court District

Parts of Ascension, Parts of Jefferson, parts of Orleans, parts of St. Charles, Parts of St. James, and parts of St. John the Baptist Parishes.

JUSTICE CADE R. COLE
Third Supreme Court District

Allen, Beauregard, parts of Caddo, Calcasieu, Cameron, DeSoto, Evangeline, Jefferson Davis, Natchitoches, Sabine, parts of St. Landry, and Vernon Parishes.
Term of office began March 11, 2025.

JUSTICE WILLIAM J. CRAIN
First Supreme Court District

Livingston, parts of Orleans, St. Bernard, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington Parishes. *Retired December 22, 2025.*

JUSTICE JOHN MICHAEL GUIDRY
Second Supreme Court District

Avoyelles, Concordia, parts of East Baton Rouge, East Carroll, East Feliciana, Iberville, parts of Lafayette, Madison, parts of Ouachita, Pointe Coupee, parts of Rapides, Richland, St. Helena, Parts of St. Landry, Tensas, West Baton Rouge, and West Feliciana Parishes.

RESOURCES ON THE WEB AT WWW.LASC.ORG/PRESSROOM

- **Scan the QR code to view.**
- The 2025 Annual Report
- Guide to Louisiana Courts featuring a list of judges, clerks and administrators (complete with contact phone numbers) for the Courts of Appeal, District Courts, and City and Parish Courts statewide
- Statistical data summarizing two-year activity trends in juvenile, civil, criminal, and traffic categories for courts at all levels in the state.



The 2025 Annual Report of the Judicial Council of the Supreme Court is published by the Louisiana Supreme Court Community Relations Department, a division of the Judicial Administrator's Office.

This report provides an overview of the Court's work and accomplishments during 2025 and includes electoral district maps for the Supreme Court, Courts of Appeal, and District Courts. It serves as a valuable reference for judges, court staff, statewide contact, and the public.

MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF

Honoring Our Past, Investing in Our Future: A Year of Milestones and Momentum



LOUISIANA SUPREME COURT
CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN L. WEIMER

A Year of Milestones and Momentum

- 2025 Conference of Chief Justices Midyear Meeting
Hosted in New Orleans, taking a national leadership role
- Bicentennial of the Louisiana Civil Code of 1825
Scholarly lectures and engagement reaffirming its relevance
- 20th Anniversary of Hurricane Katrina
Reflecting on resilience and the rule of law
- 10th Anniversary of the Louisiana Access to Justice Commission
Progress in securing support for those in need
- Trauma-Informed Domestic Violence Training
Mandated for judges to reinforce compassionate justice
- Solutions Summit:
From Truancy to Triumph

The year 2025 was marked by reflection and renewed commitment across Louisiana’s judiciary, commemorating the foundation of our civil law system while addressing complex challenges through shared purpose and collaboration. The year has demonstrated how shared leadership and true partnerships strengthen the administration of justice for the future.

The year began with Louisiana’s judiciary taking a national leadership role by hosting the 2025 Conference of Chief Justices Midyear Meeting in New Orleans. This gathering brought together the highest judicial officers from across our nation and its territories to discuss court administration, judicial wellness, security, and emerging issues while sharing Louisiana history, hospitality, culture, and cuisine.

Throughout the year, the judiciary marked three milestones reflecting Louisiana’s legal identity and evolution. The Bicentennial of the Louisiana Civil Code of 1825 recognized the foundational document that embodies our state’s unique civil law tradition with scholarly lectures and statewide engagement reaffirming its enduring relevance. The judiciary also observed the 20th anniversary of Hurricane Katrina, a defining event that disrupted communities and courts alike, yet revealed extraordinary resilience and reinforced the enduring importance of preparedness, adaptability, and public service. This tragedy also demonstrated how vital due process, the rule of law,

and a functioning judicial system are to an orderly society.

In addition, 2025 marked the 10th anniversary of the Louisiana Access to Justice Commission, which celebrated a decade of progress in bringing courts, legal aid, the bar, and community partners together to secure statewide support for self-represented litigants, language access, and reentry challenges. Complementing these milestones, the Supreme Court mandated trauma-informed domestic violence training for all judges, reinforcing a commitment to fair and compassionate justice.

Across these milestones, one theme was clear: lasting progress depends on collaboration. This principle shaped major efforts in 2025. Addressing Louisiana’s truancy crisis, which affects far too many students, required unprecedented coordination. The Louisiana Supreme Court reinforced its commitment to early intervention through the Families in Need of Services–Assistance Program (FINS-AP), which connects families to targeted support across 45 courts, serving over 7,000 families annually.

Collaboration was evident at the 2025 Solutions Summit: From Truancy to Triumph. Convened by the Supreme Court, Louisiana Department of Education, Governor’s Children’s Cabinet, Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, and Children’s Trust Fund, over 375

stakeholders gathered from nearly all parishes. Those in attendance included judges, teachers, education leaders, sheriffs, and other law enforcement agencies, district attorneys, public defenders, FINS officers, child welfare and community groups, interested citizens, plus Supreme Court Justices and staff of the court. Strategies were aligned and local responses to truancy were developed. Momentum continues through partnerships and data-driven initiatives.

Commitment and collaboration have driven progress in modernizing criminal justice data sharing through the **Integrated Criminal Justice Information System (ICJIS)**. Since 1999, the ICJIS Policy Board has united courts, prosecutors, law enforcement, corrections, and the judiciary around a shared goal of accurate, secure data, culminating in 2025 with the implementation of a centralized broker server enabling real-time secure data sharing, a milestone and a model for the justice system modernization that is being applauded nationwide.




This year was also marked by solemn remembrance. The Louisiana judiciary mourned the passing of former

Justices Marcus R. Clark, Harry T. Lemmon, and Jeffrey P. Victory, distinguished jurists whose service and leadership contributed significantly to Louisiana law and the administration of justice. Each leaves a lasting legacy.

Together, these moments of commemoration, collaboration, and progress define 2025 as a year of milestones and momentum.

The pages that follow are organized by the Supreme Court’s key areas of responsibility, yet what truly unites them is the shared purpose that defines the many tasks the Justices and court staff address. I am truly inspired by the milestones and momentum achieved throughout the year. I invite you to review the accomplishments highlighted here with pride, knowing that they reflect the Supreme Court’s commitment to excellence. Those who serve the Supreme Court are dedicated public servants, committed in their efforts to ensure our system of justice remains both effective and efficient. Their hard work fuels our progress and strengthens the institution we are privileged to serve.

IN MEMORIAM

		
Marcus R. Clark	Harry T. Lemmon	Jeffrey P. Victory
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE 2009-2013	ASSOCIATE JUSTICE 1980-2001	ASSOCIATE JUSTICE 1995-2014

A YEAR OF MILESTONES AND MOMENTUM



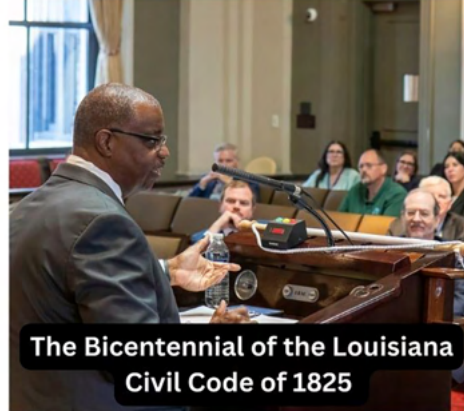
**2025 Conference of Chief Justices
Midyear Meeting**



**The Bicentennial of the Louisiana
Civil Code of 1825**



**2025 Solutions Summit:
From Truancy to Triumph**



**The Bicentennial of the Louisiana
Civil Code of 1825**



**2025 Solutions Summit:
From Truancy to Triumph**



Access to Justice Commission

HONORING OUR PAST

1825 CIVIL CODE BICENTENNIAL COMMEMORATION



The 1825 Civil Code of the State of Louisiana turned 200 in 2025. To commemorate this auspicious milestone, the Supreme Court of Louisiana Historical Society appointed John T. Olivier and Alan G. Brackett to chair the Steering Committee to Commemorate the Bicentennial of the 1825 Civil Code. The Committee planned commemorative events beginning in October 2024 and running through June 2025.

By the early 1820s there was so much confusion about which bodies of law were in effect in Louisiana – U.S. law, ancient Spanish law, etc. – that the need to address the situation had become critical. In response, the Louisiana legislature appointed juriconsults Louis Moreau Lislet, Edward Livingston, and Pierre Derbigny to revise the 1808 Digest of the Civil Laws in Force in the Territory of Orleans. The resulting revision was the 1825 Louisiana Civil Code, an all-inclusive piece of legislation meant to break with the past.

The 2024 Fall Judges Conference reception on October 7 served as the kick-off event of the months long celebration. Held at the Louisiana Supreme Court, guests included judges attending the conference, Historical Society board members, state legislators, and members of the Steering Committee.

The bicentennial commemoration included ten outstanding Continuing Legal Education programs examining the 1825 Civil Code’s lasting impacts on modern Louisiana law and featured well-known civil law scholars. These programs were held all around

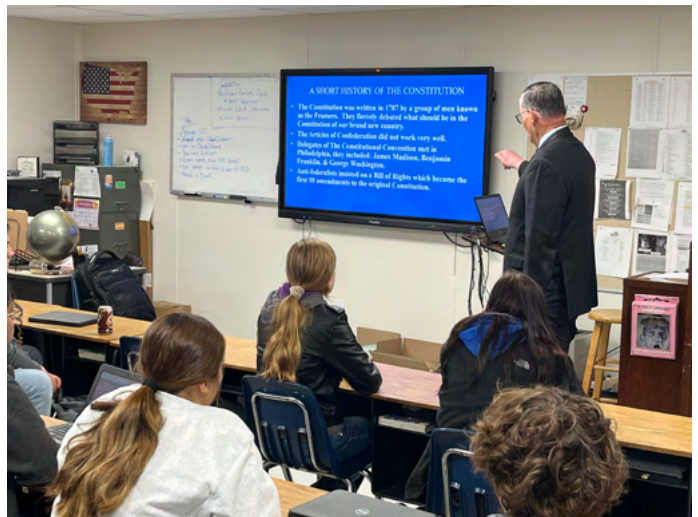
the state, in Shreveport, Monroe, Baton Rouge, and New Orleans. All four of Louisiana’s law schools participated. LSU hosted a full conference, the International Conference on the Bicentennial of the Civil Code of Louisiana. Recordings of these presentations have been preserved and can be viewed on the Louisiana Supreme Court’s website here: <https://www.lasc.org/1825CivilCode?p=CivilCodeEvents>

The culmination of the bicentennial commemoration was a closing gala held at the National WWII Museum on June 20, 2025. June 20 was the day in 1825 that the Civil Code of the State of Louisiana became effective after the legislature signed the legislation. Welcoming remarks by Gala Committee co-chairs Alan G. Brackett and Harry J. “Skip” Philips, Jr., began promptly at 7:00 p.m., followed by an invocation by Louisiana Supreme Court Justice Jay B. McCallum. Distinguished guests then provided remarks on the Civil Code’s bicentennial, including Louisiana Supreme Court Chief Justice John L. Weimer; Louisiana Attorney General Liz Murrill; Rodolphe Sambou, Consul General of France in New Orleans; and E. Phelps Gay, Board Chair of the Supreme Court of Louisiana Historical Society. Consul Sambou’s remarks were recorded, as he was unable to attend the gala in person. After the Gala Committee co-chairs delivered closing remarks and special thanks, Louisiana Supreme Court Justice John Michael Guidry gave the benediction. Many sponsors and volunteers supported the gala and ensured its resounding success as a fitting finale to a momentous bicentennial commemoration.

Loyola New Orleans School of Law recorded and transcribed all CLE lectures. The Loyola Law Review published a special issue dedicated to the bicentennial lectures. A commemorative edition of the special issue was formally presented to the Louisiana Supreme Court on Wednesday, January 21, 2026.

INVESTING IN OUR FUTURE

JUDGES IN THE CLASSROOM/STUDENTS IN THE COURTROOM INITIATIVE



INVESTING IN OUR FUTURE

SOLUTIONS SUMMIT: FROM TRUANCY TO TRIUMPH



Louisiana Solutions Summit

*From Truancy to Triumph.
From Absence to Opportunity.*

The habitual and chronic absence or tardiness of students from school is a problem in Louisiana. When unexcused absences or tardiness occur five or more times, this is called truancy. In the 2024-2025 academic year, truancy rates in the state were over 40%. Research has shown that truant children are more likely to drop out of high school and/or commit delinquent offenses. Dropouts are eight times more likely to be incarcerated than graduates, more likely to be arrested as adults, and more likely to be victimized themselves.

The legal responsibility for addressing truancy lies with the school systems (through child welfare and attendance personnel) and the courts (through FINS Intake Officers). For this reason, in 2025, the Louisiana Supreme Court, in partnership with the Louisiana Department of Education and the Governor's Children's Cabinet, held the Solutions Summit: From Truancy to Triumph, from Absence to Opportunity. Addressing truancy is all our responsibilities.

The Solutions Summit brought together over 375 stakeholders from almost all of the 64 parishes. Each jurisdiction was asked to create a work plan to address truancy in their district. Attorneys, judges, FINS officers, school personnel, and law enforcement all worked together at the summit. At least 18 work

plans were submitted to the summit leadership. After the summit the local districts began working on their plans. The FINS Assistance Program at the Louisiana Supreme Court formed a Truancy Work group of FINS officers from around the state to continue working in their local jurisdictions and mentoring other FINS officers in the state to improve truancy interventions across the state.

The Louisiana Supreme Court contracted the services of retired juvenile judge and former DCFS Secretary David Matlock to travel the state and assess the needs of the courts. He participated in meetings with the attendance team from the Louisiana Department of Education, met with FINS officers in many parishes, attended truancy court hearings, and collaborated with a variety of stakeholders on the topic. His report to the Supreme Court indicates a drastic need for more FINS officers by the courts and brings increased attention to the needs of communities across the state.

The Louisiana Supreme Court is committed to serving the needs of the state through the FINS Assistance Program, providing necessary resources to state courts to staff and providing guidance on the FINS process to address truancy. The court remains dedicated to collaboration, in the spirit of public service, to address this important issue and improve the education, health, and safety of the citizens of Louisiana.

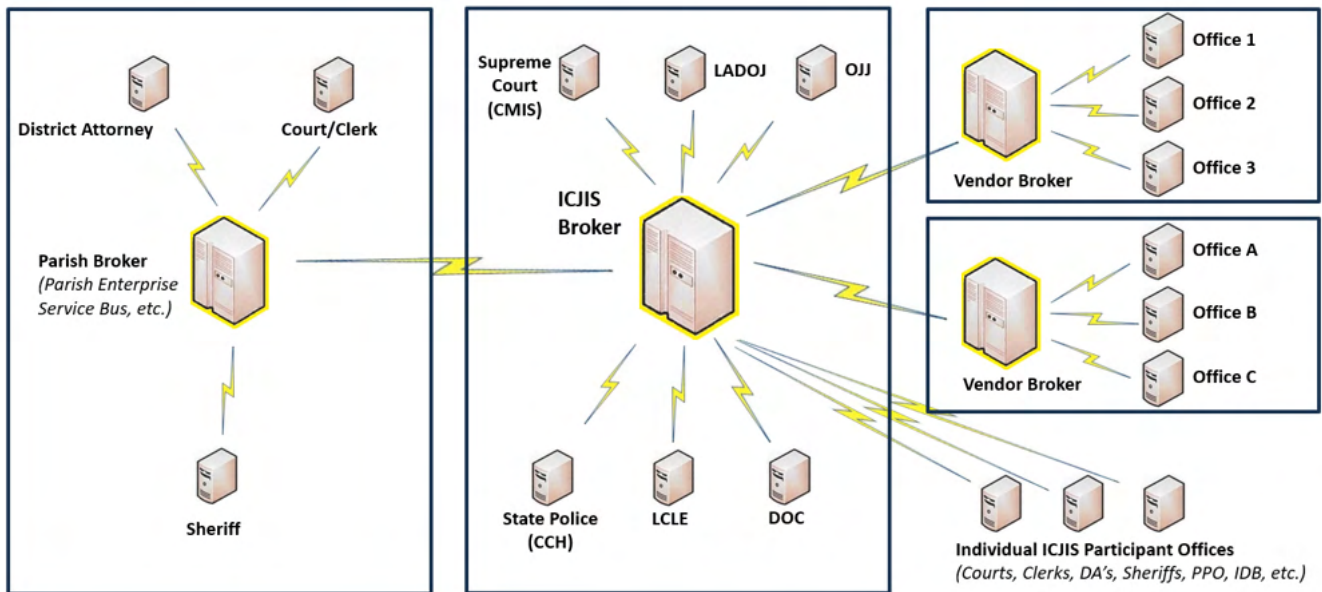
INVESTING IN OUR FUTURE

INTEGRATED CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION SYSTEM

In 2025, under the leadership of Louisiana Fifth Circuit Court of Appeal Judge Scott Schlegel, Chair of the Integrated Criminal Justice Information System (ICJIS) Policy Board, efforts continued to modernize the ICJIS. These improvements made it easier for agencies to securely share critical information. These upgrades will allow the Louisiana Supreme Court, Louisiana State Police, clerks of court, prosecutors, and the Louisiana Department of Corrections to securely exchange records electronically, improving accuracy and efficiency. These changes benefit judges, law enforcement, crime victims and others who interact with the judicial system. They also benefit citizens who need background checks required for licensing in the legal, medical, and childcare fields. The project is being paid for with a mix of state and federal funding.

2025 ICJIS Policy Board Members

- | | |
|---|--|
| Judge Scott U. Schlegel
<i>Louisiana Supreme Court Appointee</i> | Judge William Jordan
<i>Louisiana District Court Judges Association</i> |
| Mr. Chris Walters
<i>Governor's Office</i> | Mr. Zachery Daniels
<i>Louisiana District Attorneys Association</i> |
| Sen. John "Jay" Morris
<i>Louisiana Senate</i> | Ms. Debbie Hudnall
<i>Louisiana Clerks of Court Association</i> |
| Rep. Tony Bacala
<i>Louisiana House of Representatives</i> | Mr. Alan Davis
<i>Louisiana Sheriffs' Association</i> |
| Mr. Ernest Green
<i>Louisiana Attorney General</i> | BRPD Dep. Chief Neal Noel
<i>Chiefs of Police Association</i> |
| Ms. Tammy Grant
<i>DPS - Corrections</i> | Mr. Jim Craft
<i>Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement</i> |
| Major J.B. Slaton
<i>DPS - Louisiana State Police</i> | |
| Mr. Deron Patin
<i>DPS - Deputy Secretary of Youth Services</i> | |



INVESTING IN OUR FUTURE

2025 JUDICIAL SECURITY INITIATIVES

The safety and security of Louisiana’s judges, whether at the courthouse or at home, is a matter of critical importance, and continues to be a top priority for the Louisiana Supreme Court. In 2025, the work



of the Louisiana Supreme Court Judicial Security Committee continued, under the leadership of chair Judge Tiffany Gauthier Chase, Fourth Circuit Court of Appeal. Work also continued by the Task Force on Judicial Security, created by legislation in 2024, which established an interagency task force charged with the development of minimum safety standards for courthouses and judicial security personnel. The resolution further directed the Task Force to identify physical security deficiencies that currently exist in courthouses and to develop a plan to address the deficiencies. The Task Force formed two working groups – one on courthouse security and one on security personnel – and the working groups met several times during the year. Also, a special thank you to Representative Delisha Boyd, who extended the Task Force, which is scheduled to report its findings to the Legislature by January 1, 2027.

To gather critical information for the Task Force, the Supreme Court Justices requested all judges to participate in a comprehensive survey focused on courthouse safety. Louisiana courts are as diverse as our citizens. The infrastructures of our courts differ not only as to location (rural versus metropolitan areas) but also differ as to funding and the varying

ages of the buildings. Thank you to all of our judges and judicial security stakeholders who responded to the survey.

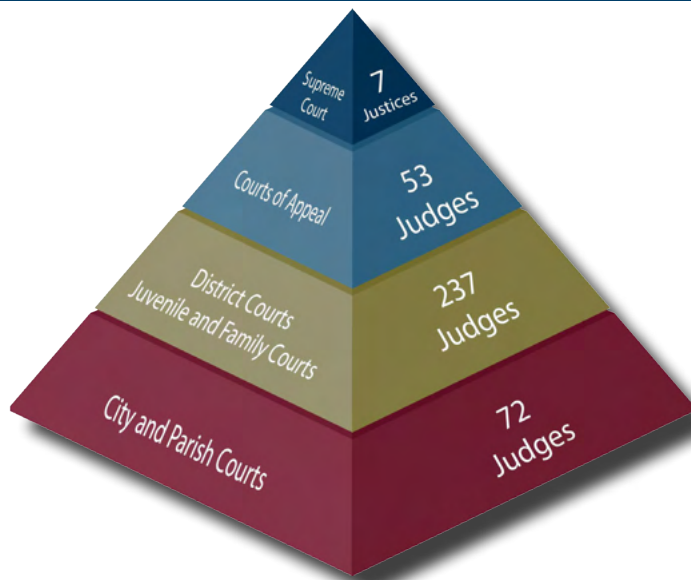
An emphasis was placed on education in 2025. The LASC Judicial Security Committee sponsored Continuing Legal Education programs both at the Spring Judges Conference in Lake Charles and at the Summer School. The session at the Spring Judges Conference was on “Courthouse Security” and covered best practices for courthouse security including technology resources, Peace Officer Standards and Training, local and state law enforcement partnerships, and more. Presentations were made by Todd Ardoin, Director of Security, Third Circuit Court of Appeal, and Steven Bradley, Law Enforcement Professional with Expertise in Intersection of Technology and Judicial Security. We also presented a comprehensive two-hour session at Summer School on Judicial Safety with a presentation by Threat Assessment Professional John Muffler, and reviewed the results of the Security Survey, which will inform the Task Force’s recommendations on courthouse security and personnel.

We also continued to collect and analyze court security incident reports, and thank our judges for sending those in. We also continue to research options for implementing legislation allowing the removal of a judge’s personal identifying information from certain websites, and we expect to have a proposal to share with our judges in early 2026.



LOUISIANA'S JUDICIAL BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT

The judicial power of Louisiana, which is the power to interpret the Constitution and the laws of the state, is vested in the Judicial Branch of Government, made up of a supreme court, courts of appeal, district courts, city courts, and other courts authorized by the Constitution. In Louisiana, judges are elected. The court structure consists of: 1 supreme court, 5 courts of appeal, 43 district courts, 5 juvenile or family courts, 48 city courts, and 3 parish courts. A total of 369 judges preside over Louisiana state courts.



Appellate Courts

Supreme Court

- Seven justices, 10 year terms
- Sits in New Orleans
- Chief Justice is the most tenured in office
- Justices preside *en banc* (full court)

Circuit Courts of Appeal

- 53 judges, 10 year terms
- Five circuits:
 - 1st Circuit: Baton Rouge, 12 judges
 - 2nd Circuit: Shreveport, 9 judges
 - 3rd Circuit: Lake Charles, 12 judges
 - 4th Circuit: New Orleans, 12 judges
 - 5th Circuit: Gretna, 8 judges
- Cases generally reviewed by three-judge panels

Trial Courts

District, Juvenile and Family

- 237 judges, six or eight year terms
- 43 judicial districts
- 4 juvenile courts
- 1 family court
- Number of judges in each court based on caseload and other factors
- Judges preside individually, not in panels

City and Parish Courts

- 68 city court judges, six year terms
- 5 parish court judges, six year terms
- 48 city courts
- 3 parish courts
- Judges preside individually, not in panels



2025 ANNUAL REPORT

LOUISIANA

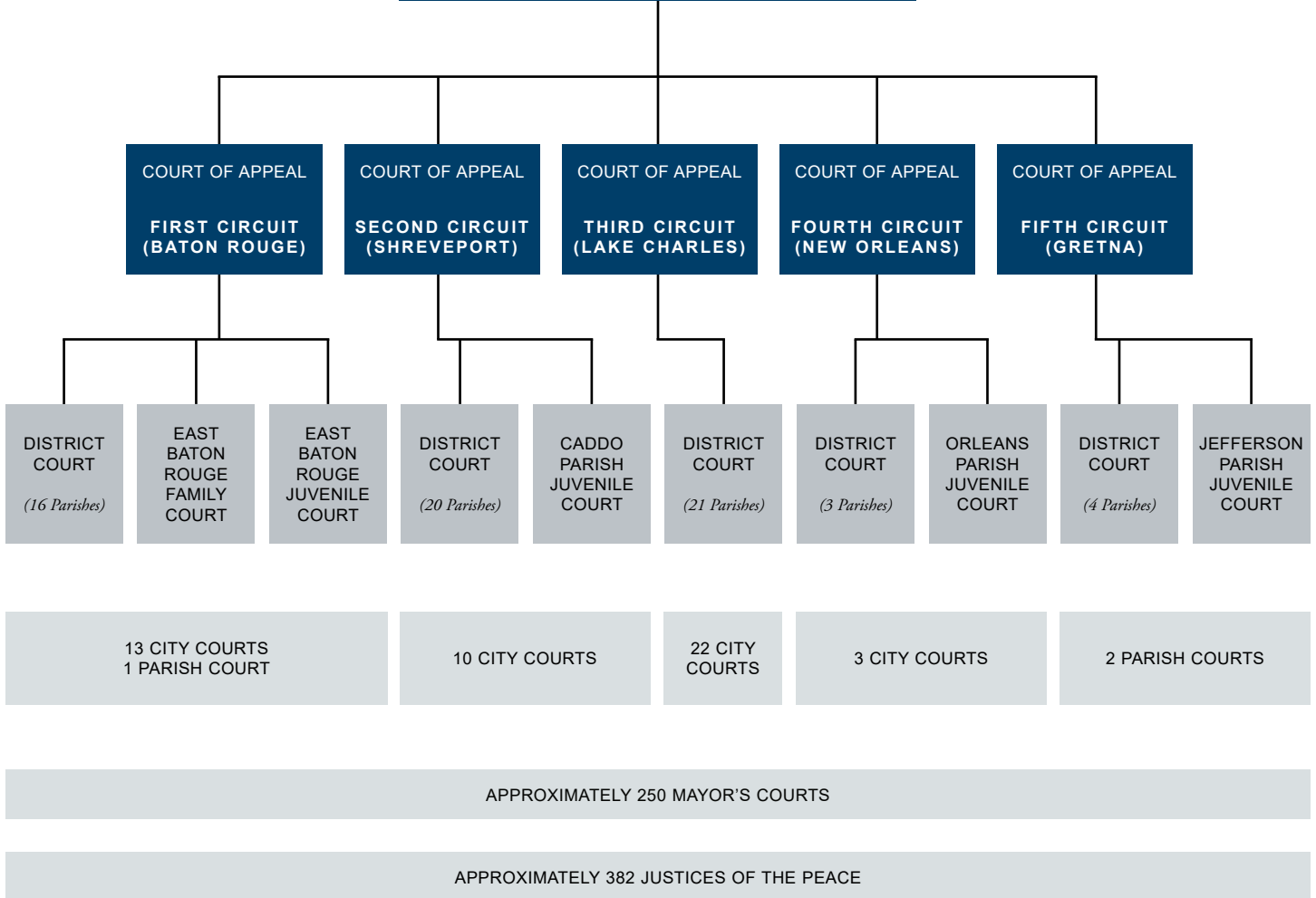
SUPREME COURT



LOUISIANA COURT STRUCTURE



SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA



Number of Justices and Judges:	7	Supreme Court
	53	Courts of Appeal
	237	District, Family and Juvenile
	72	City and Parish Courts
	369	Total

JUDICIAL BUDGET



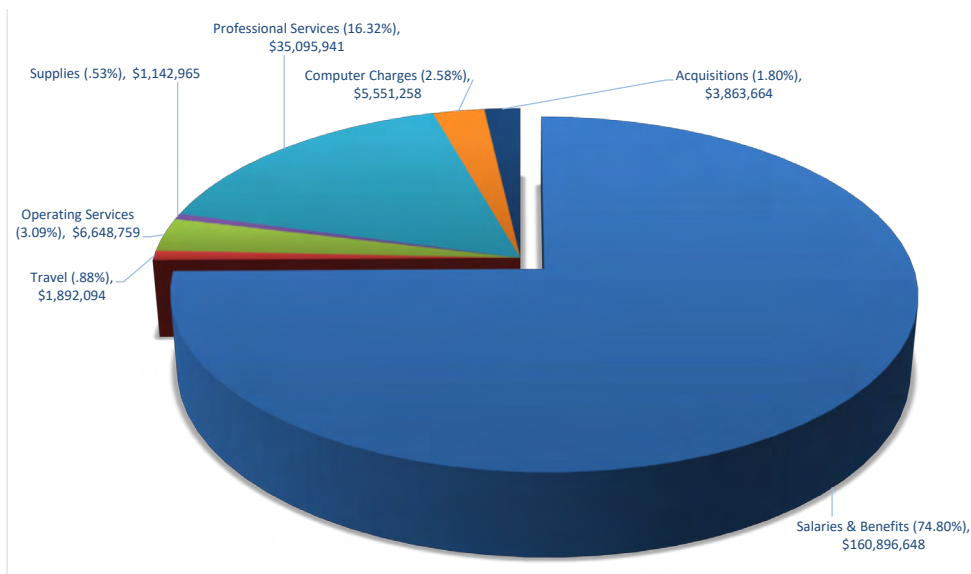
Bryan Wolff, CPA, MBA
Chief Financial Officer/
Accounting Services/Budget

are primarily funded by local governments. An annual state legislative appropriation funds the operations of the Louisiana Supreme Court and the five courts of appeal, as well as the salaries of all state court judges. The state also funds a portion of the salaries of parish and city court judges, and the compensation of retired and *ad hoc* judges.

Louisiana does not have a unified state court funding system. Operations of district, parish, and city courts

In FY 2024-2025, state appropriated funds totaled \$215,091,329¹:

Salaries and Benefits ²	160,896,648	74.80% of total budget
Professional Services	35,095,941	16.32% of total budget
Operating Services	6,648,759	3.09% of total budget
Computer charges	5,551,258	2.58% of total budget
Travel	1,892,094	.88% of total budget
Supplies	1,142,965	.52% of total budget
Acquisitions	3,863,664	37% of total budget



¹In accordance with La. R.S. 24:513, the Louisiana Supreme Court is audited regularly by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and the audit report is available on the Legislative Auditor's website at www.la.state.la.us.

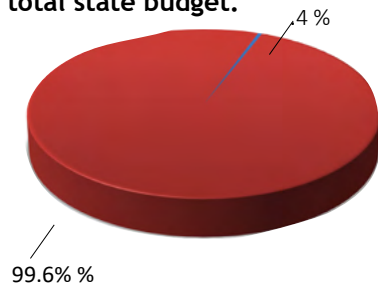
²Includes Salaries and/or Benefits for 365 state Judges, 7 Commissioners, 219 Supreme Court employees, 352 Courts of Appeal employees, 112 designated lower court employees, and 15 retired judges or widows in the Unfunded Pension system.

Total State Budget:
\$53,510,138,221
Judiciary Budget:
\$215,091,329

In FY 2025-2026, .40% of the Louisiana state budget was appropriated to the state judiciary.

LOUISIANA STATE BUDGET 2025-2026

2025 Judicial budget (blue) compared to the total state budget.



OFFICE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR

A MESSAGE FROM THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR



**SANDRA A. VUJNOVICH, JD
JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR**

This section of our Annual Report highlights the initiatives of the Judicial Administrator's office, the managerial arm of the Supreme Court. It's been a busy and productive year for our divisions, including Research & Development, Court Case Management Information Systems, Children & Families, Court Access, Louisiana Protective Order Registry, Supreme Court Drug and Specialty Court Office, and Community Relations. Also included are updates from the Judiciary Commission, the Louisiana Judicial College, the Law Library, the Clerk's office, the Louisiana Attorney Disciplinary Board and the Committee on Bar Admissions.

But first, a few personal comments. After serving as Judicial Administrator since early 2014, this will be my last Annual Report as I will be retiring in 2026. It has been an incredible 30 years serving at the Supreme Court, first as Law Clerk to Chief Justice Pascal F. Calogero Jr., then Executive Counsel to Chief Justices Calogero, Catherine D. "Kitty" Kimball, and Bernette Joshua Johnson, and finally these past 12 years as Judicial Administrator.

Over the last decade, we've weathered numerous challenges, including floods, hurricanes and a pandemic. We also faced budgetary and staffing issues, but through it all, with the dedication and commitment of our judges and court staff, we have forged ahead and made significant improvements in judicial administration.

A few of our accomplishments worth noting in the last decade include:

- Incredible advancements in court technology, as we all learned how to communicate virtually and work productively remotely.
- Improving access to our courts, especially for our limited-English proficiency litigants.
- Increased transparency in our reporting on issues such as budget, financial disclosure, and court revenues and expenses.
- Increased transparency in our judicial discipline system as hearings are now open to the public, and we have a robust Judiciary Commission website, providing invaluable information.
- We welcomed, provided support, and assisted in training over 100 new judges.
- The Court expanded the efforts of our Community Relations Division to provide outreach to the community, maintaining an informative website, and broadening the successful Judges in the Classroom/Students in the Courtroom program in which so many of our judges have participated.
- We increased the responsiveness and effectiveness of the JA's office and added critical staff such as our Chief Deputy Judicial Administrator.
- As our data collection efforts intensified to promote deeper understanding of the Judicial Branch, we added data analysts to help manage and report key findings and trends.
- We expanded our Specialty Courts and the services and assistance provided by the Protective Order Registry and our Children & Families Division.
- And with the unparalleled participation of our judges, we have completed a historic weighted caseload study that will guide the judiciary for years to come.

These advancements would not have been possible without the leadership of our Justices, and I extend my sincere thanks to each of them.

I also want to sincerely thank the many judges who toil daily in our court system. I truly believe Louisiana has some of the most talented, innovative and hard-working judges in the country who consistently strive to ensure justice for our citizens. They are supported by exceptional court staff who also deserve recognition and appreciation. Finally, thank you to the exemplary staff of the Judicial Administrator's office and the Louisiana Supreme Court. It has been an honor and a privilege to serve with you all.

*Thank
Sandra*



Brian Wiggins, JD
Chief Deputy Judicial Administrator



Michelle Beaty, JD
Judiciary Commission
Office of Special Counsel



Ramona Harris
Louisiana Protective
Order Registry (LPOR)



Kelly Blackwell, JD
Judiciary Commission Counsel



Robert Harper, JD
Trial Court Services



Veronica Cheneau, PHR, CHRE
Human Resources



Fletcher Hyacinth, JD
Drug & Specialty Courts



Russell Cortazzo, Jr., JD
Court Case Management
Information Systems (CMIS)



Caitlin Morgenstern, JD
Office Of Court Access



Jennifer Eagan, JD
Research And Development,
Judicial Council



Darryl M. Schultz
Legislative Liaison



Storm Ehlers, JD
Division of Children & Families



Trina S. Vincent
Community Relations



David Becker, JD
General Counsel



James Murray
Director Of Information
Services

JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Research and Development collects filing numbers, court revenue and expense information, and other data from all levels of the judicial system, and prepares several reports annually, including a performance review of selected court programs or initiatives. The department staffs the [Judicial Council](#), which examines ways to improve judicial procedures and promote procedural efficiencies.

MEMBERSHIP OF THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Honorable John L. Weimer, Chair
Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana

Honorable Piper D. Griffin
Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana

Honorable Jeffrey L. Robinson
representing Conference of Court of Appeal Judges

Honorable Shannon J. Gremillion
representing Conference of Court of Appeal Judges

Honorable Stephen Grefer
representing Louisiana District Judges Association

Honorable LaLa Sylvester
representing Louisiana District Judges Association

Honorable Matthew H. Hagen
representing Louisiana City Judges Association

Honorable Jeffrey Cashe
representing Louisiana Council of Juvenile

and Family Court Judges

Stephen I. Dwyer, Esq.
representing Louisiana State Bar association

Kristen Amond, Esq.
representing Young Lawyers Section of the LSBA

Honorable Guy Holdridge
representing Louisiana State Law Institute

Honorable Franklin J. Foil
State Senator

Honorable Nicholas J. Muscarello, Jr.
State Representative

Honorable Perry M. Nicosia
representing Louisiana District Attorneys Assn.

Meghan M. Garvey
appointed by the Louisiana Public Defender Board

Honorable Laurie Hulin
representing Louisiana State Bar Association, appointed by the Supreme Court of Louisiana

Honorable Louis Perret
representing Louisiana Clerks of Court Association

Colonel Ronald D. Thomas, Ret. U.S. Army
Citizen Representative, appointed by the Louisiana Supreme Court

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS OF JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Justice Jefferson Hughes

Justice William J. Crain

Justice Jay B. McCallum

Justice John Michael Guidry

Justice Cade R. Cole

Supreme Court of Louisiana

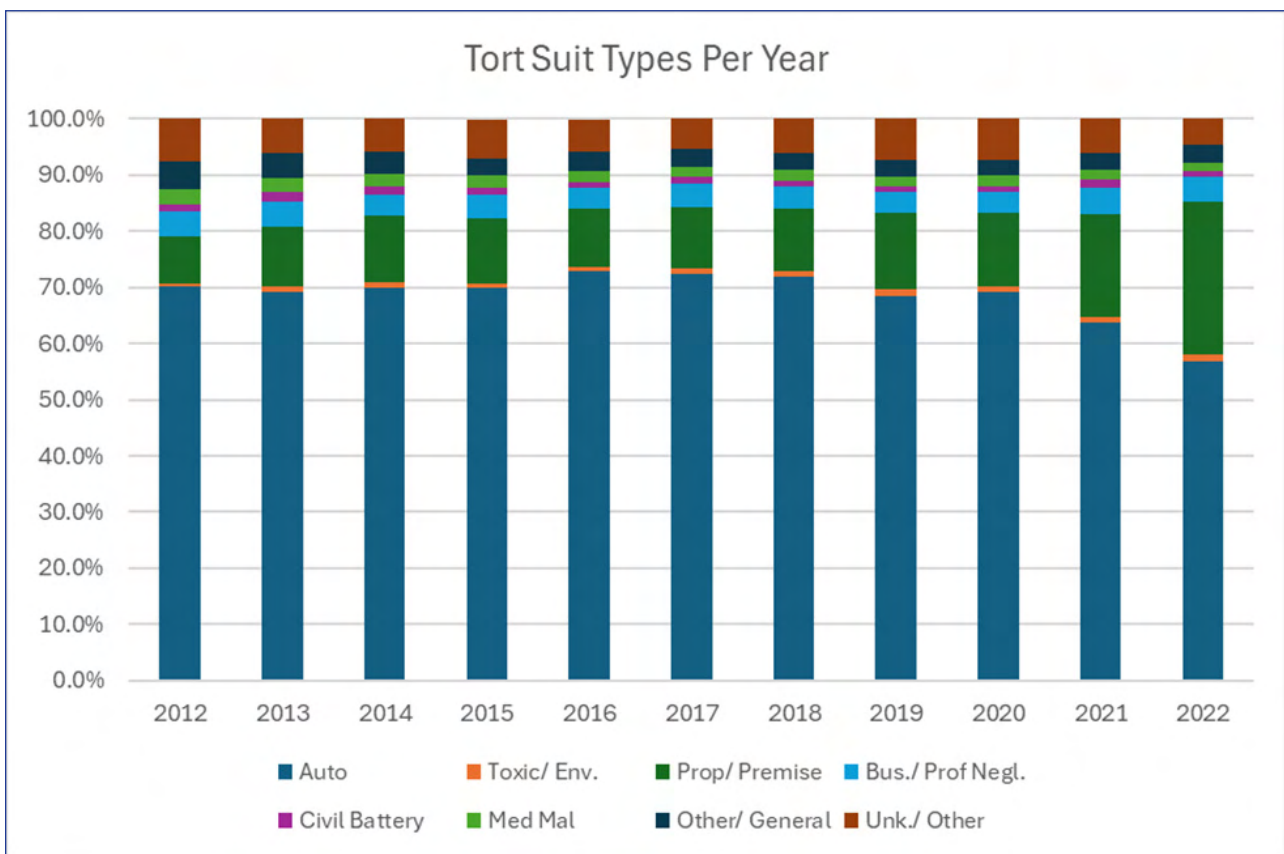
STAFF OF JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Sandra A. Vujnovich, JD
Judicial Administrator

Jennifer Eagan, JD
Deputy Judicial Administrator, Research & Development/Judicial Council

CIVIL COVER SHEET DATA COLLECTION

Effective from 2012 until its repeal in 2024, La. R.S. 13:4688 required Louisiana district courts to submit to the Supreme Court civil filing information related to tort suits. The performance review, commenced in 2023 and completed in 2025, analyzed compliance with the statute and assessed the quality of data collected on nearly 200,000 tort filings and thousands of judgments. The chart below represents the aggregated data of tort causes of action during the collection period.



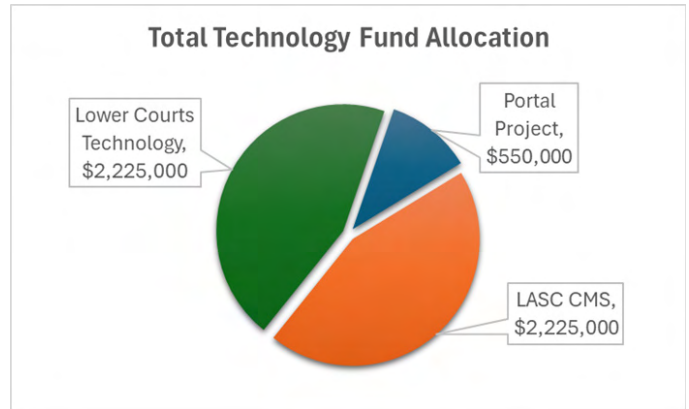
For more information, see the full [Civil Cover Sheet Performance Review](https://www.lasc.org/documents/2025-03-31_Performance_Review_Civil_Cover_Sheet_Filing_Data_Report.pdf) at https://www.lasc.org/documents/2025-03-31_Performance_Review_Civil_Cover_Sheet_Filing_Data_Report.pdf

OFFICE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR: RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

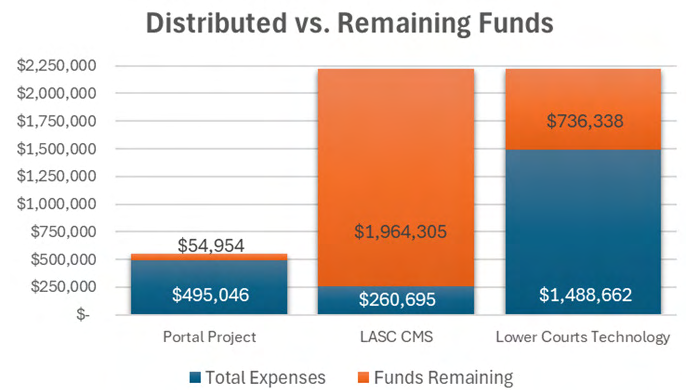
COURT MODERNIZATION AND TECHNOLOGY FUND

Legislation from the 2023 and 2024 Legislative Sessions established the Court Modernization and Technology Fund.

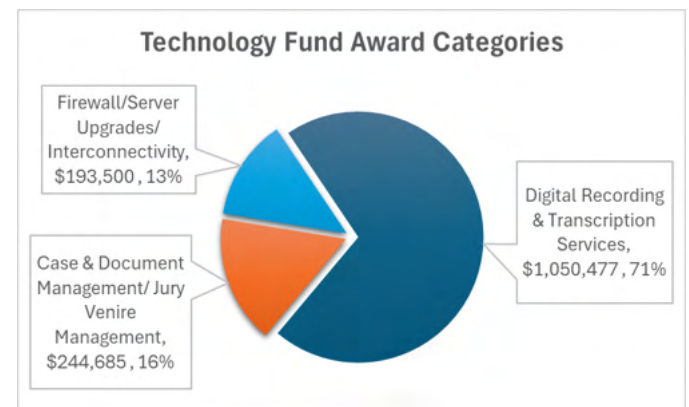
A total of \$5 million was appropriated for technology usage within the judiciary. That amount was divided between integrated case management systems projects and projects for lower courts, as shown in the pie chart.



From those amounts earmarked as shown above in the pie chart, the funding already expended from the allocation is indicated in the blue sections of the graph.



In 2025, a large portion of the \$2.25 million allocated for lower courts was distributed through a grant process to district courts for implementing technology projects. Seventeen Judicial Districts and the Orleans Parish Criminal and Civil District Courts received funding in three main categories illustrated in the pie chart.



Using the Legislative appropriated technology funding, Louisiana is piloting digital recording and transcription software in the 21st and 36th Judicial District Courts. The 19th JDC and the 24th JDC, which have struggled with court reporter shortages, are also working on a digital platform. The 21st JDC judges and staff report a positive experience with the platform.

“ Judges have found it extremely valuable for quickly locating information needed from trials or hearings to draft judgments and reasons for judgment. Staff attorneys are actively utilizing the system to review testimony or legal arguments. ”

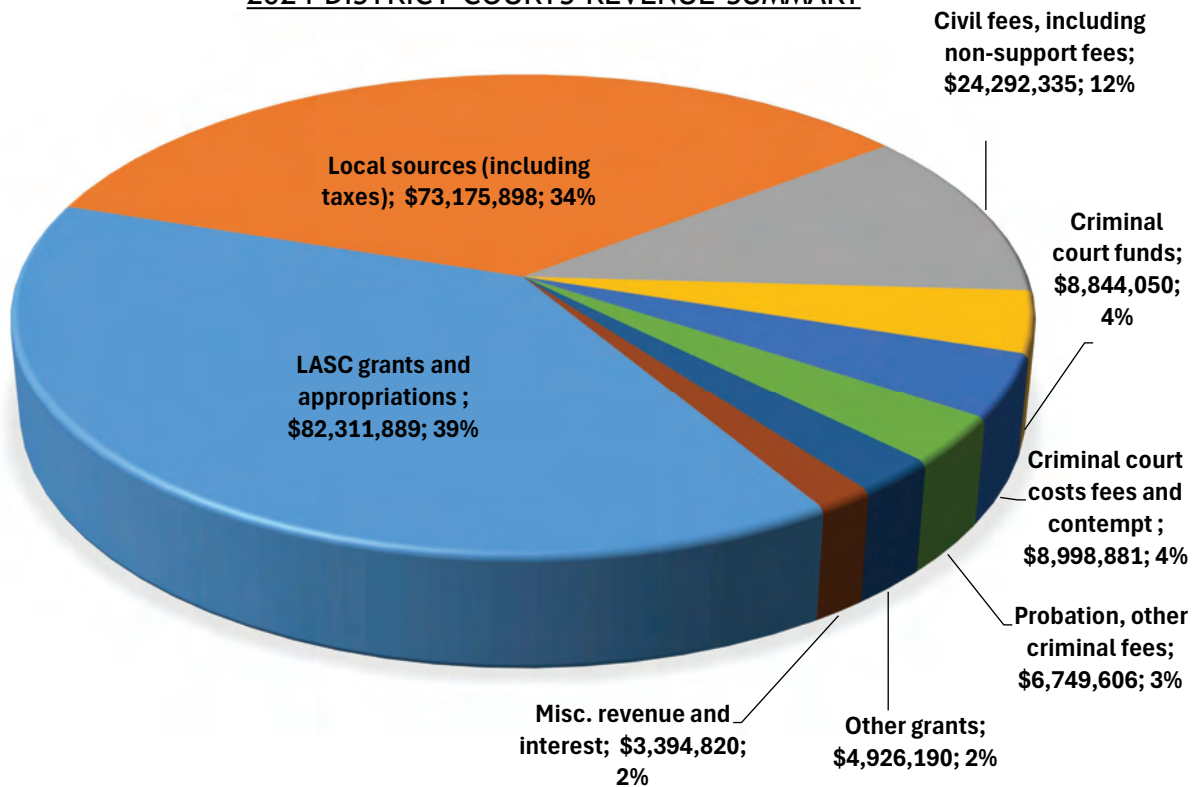
Upon conclusion of the pilot period, the courts will provide feedback to inform the use of similar platforms in other courts.

*Bo Coxen, Judicial Administrator,
21st Judicial District Court*

REVENUE AND EXPENSE REPORTS

The Research & Development Division has been collecting detailed revenue and expense information from all levels of court on an annual basis since 2021 in an effort to provide a clearer picture of the costs of running the court system.

2024 DISTRICT COURTS REVENUE SUMMARY



The District Court Revenue data shows that local sources account for 34% of all funding for district courts. For more detail and individual court information, including information for the Supreme Court, appellate, city, parish, and all lower courts, see the complete [Revenue and Expense Reports](http://www.lasc.org/budgetdocuments) at www.lasc.org/budgetdocuments.

ADDITIONAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES

COURT REPORTER RESEARCH AND LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVE

Recognizing the current shortage of official court reporters throughout the state, the Judicial Council established an *ad hoc* committee to make recommendations addressing the issue. The committee's first effort was [HB 155](#) of the 2025 Regular Legislative Session, which sought to standardize page rates. The bill did not pass, but in its place, HR 272 directed the Judicial Council to continue its research, report on findings, and make proposals. In response, Research & Development staff performed a survey of all court reporters and all lower court judges. Based on survey responses, the research committee will suggest 2026 legislation addressing previous and ongoing concerns.

COURT COST AND FEES REVIEW

Every year, the Committee to Evaluate Requests for New Court Costs reviews applications for new or increased court costs or fees and makes recommendations to the Judicial Council. See the [2025 Report to the Legislature on Court Costs](#) at lasc.org/JudicialCouncil/reports/2025-03-CostsAndFees.pdf

LOUISIANA DISTRICT AND APPELLATE COURT JUDGES COMPLETE WEIGHTED CASELOAD STUDY

In 2025, Louisiana's district and appellate court judges completed a weighted caseload study to update the formula used by the Judicial Council to determine the need for new judicial officers.

ANALYSIS

This analysis relied on actual time recorded by judges during defined survey periods (5 weeks for district courts and 8 weeks for appellate courts)—Participation rates were exceptionally high—96% for district judges and 100% for appellate judges—exceeding national standards in other states.



Results show that judges consistently work **8-9+ hours** per day.



6+ hours CASE-RELATED WORK
1.5 hours NON-CASE ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES

The study was conducted by the National Center for State Courts (NCSC) with guidance from two Supreme Court-appointed advisory committees representing district and appellate courts statewide. It also used the most up-to-date filing data made available by district and appellate clerks of court.

The study recommends using the weighted caseload formula as a starting point for judgeship decisions, supplemented by court-specific qualitative factors, and advises conducting a comprehensive review of the formula every five to seven years, subject to funding and necessity.

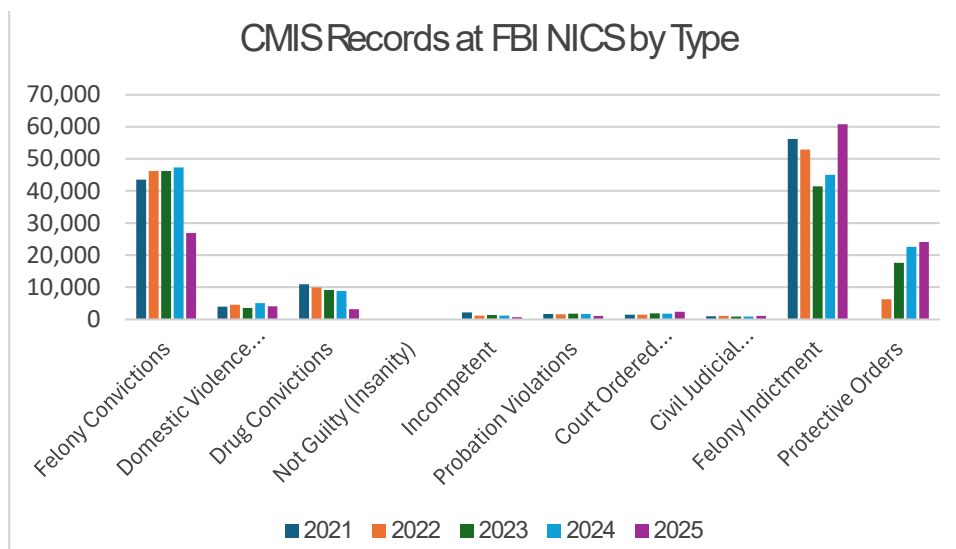
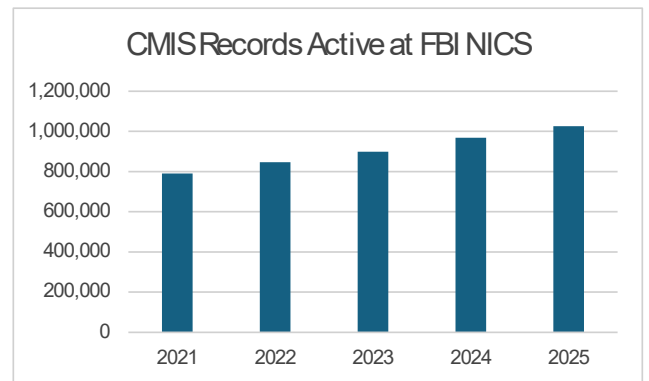
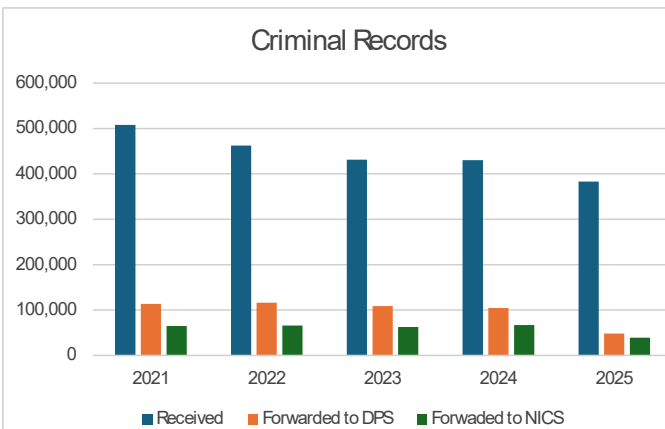
“The Weighted Caseload Study is the result of true teamwork,” Chief Justice Weimer said, crediting judges, the advisory committees, the National Center for State Courts, the Judicial Administrator’s Office, and Louisiana’s clerks of court. “I especially thank Debbie Hudnall, Executive Director of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association, for ensuring full participation by the clerks and accurate statewide filing data.”

COURT CASE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

The Court Case Management Information Systems (CMIS) Division collects, analyzes, and disseminates information to external agencies regarding case filings, dispositions, and sentencing information from Louisiana’s district courts, city courts and some mayor’s courts. CMIS worked with courts and associated agencies throughout the state to provide training assistance, on-site visits, and grant opportunities to enhance the completeness, accuracy, and timeliness of data collected for criminal and traffic dispositions.

Criminal Records

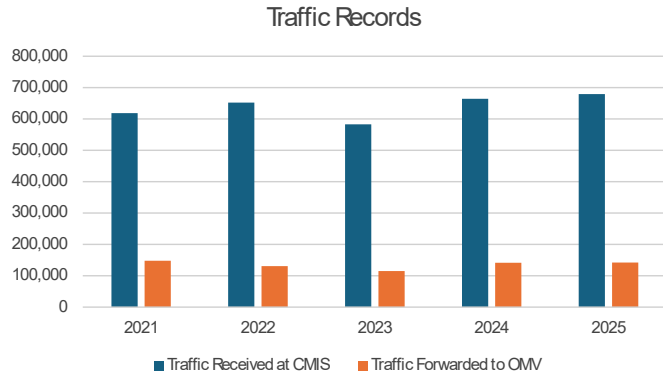
CMIS received 373,687 criminal records in 2025 representing a decrease of -13% from 2024. 46,468 of those records qualified to be forwarded to the Louisiana Department of Public Safety for inclusion in a Computerized Criminal History (CCH) database, and 38,188 records were posted to the FBI National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) database.



COURT CASE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Traffic Records

The traffic records electronic reporting program sends final disposition information on qualifying traffic records to the Louisiana Office of Motor Vehicles (OMV) for inclusion in the state driver history database. In 2025, 679,423 traffic citation records were received, and among those records, 142,275 qualifying records were added to the OMV Official Driver Record database.



CMIS Outreach

CMIS disbursed \$1,131,514 in Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics grants and \$437,680 in Federal Motor Carrier Administration grant funds in 2025.

Department of Justice, BJS Grant Recipients	
East Feliciana Parish Clerk of Court	\$12,500
Vernon Parish Clerk of Court	\$21,250
Cameron Parish Clerk of Court	\$8,750
St. Charles Parish Clerk of Court	\$21,250
Jefferson Davis Parish Clerk of Court	\$12,500
Beauregard Parish Clerk of Court	\$12,500
Louisiana District Attorney’s Association	\$200,000
ICJIS Policy Board	\$418,818
Supreme Court IT	\$112,741
Louisiana Protective Order Registry	\$311,205

Federal Motor Carrier Grant Recipients	
DeSoto Parish Clerk of Court	\$21,081
Livingston Parish Clerk of Court	\$19,677
Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court	\$41,610
Vernon Parish Clerk of Court	\$5,113
W. Carroll Parish Clerk of Court	\$33,577
Abbeville City Court	\$47,738
Jennings City Court	\$119,192
Ville Platte City Court	\$68,112
Broussard Mayor Court	\$81,580

The grant awards were used by Louisiana courts and criminal justice agencies throughout the state to support the improved reporting of qualifying records to the FBI NICS database, the Louisiana Computerized Criminal History (CCH) database, and Louisiana Office of Motor Vehicles (OMV) by addressing technology improvements, safety measures in the courts, and improved efficiency for judges and court staff.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES PROGRAMS

THE LOUISIANA COURT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM



(CIP), coordinated by the [Pelican Center for Children and Families](#) under a subgrant agreement with the Louisiana Supreme Court, was recognized in 2025 as a national model by the American Bar Association Center on Children and the Law, the federal Children’s Bureau, and the National Association of Counsel for Children (NACC). CIP delivered judicial, legal, and interdisciplinary training and technical assistance focused on safety, permanency, and well-being, providing 188 training opportunities (including the Together We Can Conference and CINC Trial Skills Training) and generating 2,510.20 CLE hours for judges and attorneys.

CIP strengthened federal Title IV-E compliance through judicial education, courtroom simulations, and resource development, and coordinated workgroups with the Department of Children and Family Services to address required findings, timelines, and permanency practices tied to the state’s federally mandated Program Improvement Plan. CIP also advanced Title IV-E reimbursement by providing technical assistance to Child in Need of Care (CINC) representation agencies and district attorney offices partnering with DCFS, resulting in approximately \$3.5 million annually in federal funds supporting child welfare legal representation statewide.

CIP published the [Louisiana Children Without Immigration Status Guide: Q & A for Child Welfare Stakeholders](#) and was recognized by [NACC for underwriting Child Welfare Law Specialist \(CWLS\) certification](#) costs for attorneys and judges, strengthening statewide expertise and the quality of legal advocacy in CINC cases.

The Louisiana Bar Foundation awarded the [2025 Horn Blower Award to Michelle Gros](#) for leadership advancing access to justice through CIP’s expansion of [civil legal services](#) that help keep families safely together and prevent unnecessary foster care entry. The Louisiana State Bar Association presented the [2025 Children’s Law Award to the Pelican Center](#) for advancing access to justice in child welfare proceedings. For more information, please visit the CIP page on the Louisiana Supreme Court’s website at https://www.lasc.org/children_families.

FAMILIES IN NEED OF SERVICES (FINS)



The Families in Need of Services (FINS) Assistance Program (FINS AP) supports FINS offices across 42 judicial districts, including Hammond City Court, Morgan City Court, Monroe City Court, and the recently added Natchitoches City Court. In the past year, FINS intake officers statewide processed more than 7,000 complaints, delivering critical programmatic support through assessment, intensive case management, and coordinated services that expand alternatives to formal court processing and strengthen families.

FINS AP continues to collaborate with state stakeholders and community-based providers to support youth identified as status offenders, highlighted by a new partnership with the Louisiana Department of Education. In September 2025, this partnership resulted in the largest Truancy Summit in Louisiana, convening judges, FINS officers, district attorneys, school officials, law enforcement, and service providers to advance strategies that reduce truancy and enhance family support.

To further strengthen program effectiveness, FINS AP launched a new statewide FINS database application, enabling efficient documentation and real-time data access, added a Data Analyst to develop a dynamic data dashboard for judges and officers, and rewrote its case management system to better support program operations, data reporting, and court oversight, reinforcing the program’s commitment to strengthening families and helping Louisiana’s youth become positive, productive citizens.

COURT APPOINTED SPECIAL ADVOCATES (CASA)



The Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) Assistance Program (CASA AP) administers funding for CASA programs in 62 parishes and 40 judicial districts. The purpose of Court Appointed Special Advocates is to advocate for timely placement of children in permanent, safe, and stable homes. CASA Programs are appointed by a court to designate a volunteer for a child involved in certain proceedings before the court.

OFFICE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR: CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES PROGRAMS *CONTINUED*

CASA volunteers serve without compensation and at the pleasure of the court exercising juvenile jurisdiction. Volunteers have the special duty and responsibility to advocate for the best interests of the child to which he or she is assigned throughout the pendency of judicial proceedings.

Preliminary data provided by the Louisiana CASA Association shows that in 2025 CASA programs served 4,297 children through the advocacy of 1,334 volunteer advocates. CASA Advocates began using a child-wellbeing assessment, an objective and evidence-based tool, that is standardizing the ability of volunteers to advocate more strongly for best interests of the children they serve. CASA AP hopes to support expansion opportunities in the coming year so that every judicial district in the state can have the opportunity for CASA volunteers to assist the courts protect vulnerable children.

OFFICE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR: OFFICE OF COURT ACCESS

INCREASING ACCESSIBILITY

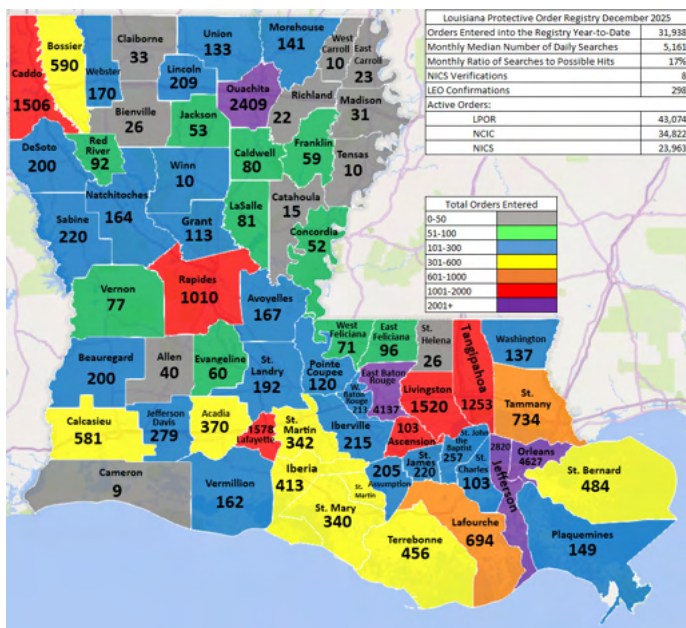
The Office of Court Access spearheads efforts to address barriers to access and ensure Louisiana's courts are open to all, including overseeing the Office of Language Access, providing guidance on Americans with Disabilities Act compliance, and self-represented litigant guidance.

In 2025, the Office of Court Access conducted two orientation sessions and one oral exam preparation and skills building workshop for Court Interpreters with 59 attendees. The Office of Court Access also continued its efforts to improve and ensure the qualification of court appointed interpreters and language access resources as well as additional barriers that impede access to justice, including:

- Managing and enforcing continuing education requirements for credentialed court interpreters
- Continuing communication efforts statewide between the Office of Language Access and court interpreters
- Implementing communication efforts statewide between the Office of Language Access and court language access coordinators
- A joint effort by the Office of Court Access and the Louisiana Commission for the Deaf to study minimum requirements for court interpreter qualifications for persons who are Deaf, DeafBlind or hard of hearing
- Education efforts on language access requirements and ADA requirements under Louisiana law
- Working with the Access to Justice Commission's Accessibility Committee on efforts to increase outreach throughout the Louisiana legal profession on accessibility and various access to justice initiatives.

The Office of Court Access also began the multi-year process of increasing the accessibility of our websites to ensure that people with disabilities have full and equal opportunities to access and benefit from the services offered by Louisiana courts. Over the next year, the Office of Court Access will strive to ensure Louisiana Supreme Court managed websites conform to and assist lower courts in conforming to level Double-A World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0.

LOUISIANA PROTECTIVE ORDER REGISTRY



partner, family, or household member.

LPOR staff provide live training seminars to explain how the registry works, highlight relevant state and federal laws, and disseminate standardized protective order forms and interactive software.

These seminars are designed for, but are not limited to, judges, magistrates, commissioners, hearing officers, judicial administrators, clerks of court, other court personnel, victim assistance providers, victim advocates, legal services providers, and attorneys. Due to participant feedback which indicated a preference for online trainings, LPOR has continued to conduct the LPOR Legal Seminar as a live webinar. Six (6) webinars were conducted that reached 399 individuals in 2025.

In 2025, LPOR entered 31,938 orders from courts across the state. Of those, 16,982 (53%) were civil orders and 14,956 (47%) were criminal orders. Since its inception through the close of 2025, more than 630,000 orders have been entered into the registry.

Certain qualifying records from LPOR are transmitted to the FBI’s National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS). At year’s end, 462,303 Louisiana orders had been transmitted to NCIC since the start of the program. This includes 20,938 qualifying orders transmitted during 2025.

Also, during 2025, LPOR’s on-call team responded to 130 requests for order verification submitted by examiners with NICS. This federal program is designed to prevent the sale of firearms, ammunition, and explosives to those who are prohibited, including individuals who are the subject of a qualifying domestic violence order. Additionally, during 2025, LPOR responded to a total of 3,765 calls from local, state, other state, and federal law enforcement with requests for verification of orders of protection.

In 1997, legislation was passed which created the Louisiana Protective Order Registry (LPOR) and named the Judicial Administrator’s Office of the Louisiana Supreme Court as the entity responsible for the development and maintenance of this database. The registry is a statewide repository for court orders issued to prevent harassing, threatening or violent acts against a spouse, intimate cohabitant, dating

Table One: Civil Orders	1997 - 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Temporary Restraining Order	274,682	15,110	15,257	13,543	13,493	332,085
Protective Order	83,276	3,731	3,904	3,389	3,412	97,712
Preliminary Injunction	1,357	9	12	14	17	1,409
Permanent Injunction	2,010	29	33	49	60	2,181
Total Civil Orders	361,325	18,879	19,206	16,995	16,982	433,387
Table Two: Criminal Orders	1997 - 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Bail Restriction (Provision)	108,226	10,757	11,027	11,790	11,411	153,211
Peace Bond	19,072	0	0	0	0	19,072
Combined Bail/Peace Bond	9,468	190	287	289	1,318	11,552
Sentencing Order	0	0	0	0	0	0
Probation Conditions	1	1	1	2	2	7
Combined Sentencing/Probation	14,710	1,645	1,665	1,947	2,225	22,192
Total Criminal Orders	151,477	12,593	12,980	14,028	14,956	206,034
Table Three: Totals by Year	1997 - 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total Civil and Criminal Orders	512,802	31,472	32,186	31,023	31,938	639,421

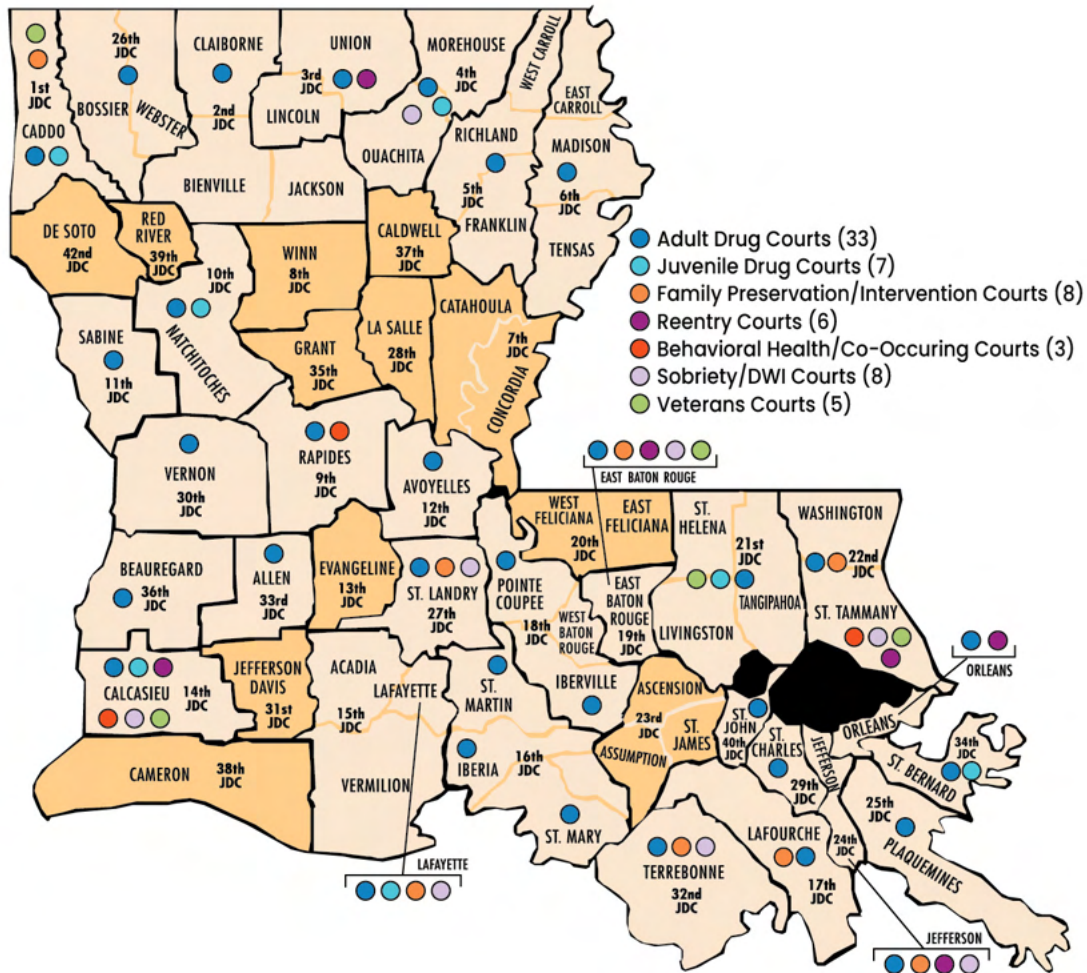
DRUG AND SPECIALTY COURT PROGRAMS

This year, the Drug and Specialty Court Office is providing information about various programs in different ways. Our office directly funds and supervises many programs throughout the state. These programs are funded primarily by our office, with funds appropriated by the legislature, and funds received through partnerships with the Louisiana Highway Safety Commission. The division also provides ancillary support for other court programs that are not directly funded by us. These programs include some specialty courts funded by the federal government or other grants, as well as programs that

were grand-fathered into our case management system. Ancillary support is provided primarily through access to and use of the statewide drug court case management system. Currently, this allows for documenting cases, preparing staffing and court dockets, recording treatment notes, and using various screening tools. Programs are also invited to attend the training sessions we may hold each year in collaboration with the state association of drug and specialty courts. Programs our office directly funds and supervises are also subject to monthly reporting. This reporting includes programmatic and fiscal elements.

Our office likewise performs programmatic and fiscal oversight through annual, remote, and on-site reports for each program.

The division is in the middle of a data migration between vendors regarding the case management system. As a result, some data fields and queries were incomplete or not ready at the time of this report. Our office has done an extrapolation and projection of the numbers based on the first 6 months of data from the prior vendor and the numbers thus far included with the current vendor.



OFFICE OF THE JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATOR: DRUG & SPECIALTY COURTS

DRUG AND SPECIALTY PROGRAMS

FUNDED PROGRAMS

	Adult Drug Courts	Juvenile Drug Courts	Family Preservation Courts	Behavioral Health Courts	DWI Courts	Reentry Courts	Veterans Courts	Total All Courts
Individuals Screened	2,197	318	594	53	129	62	38	3,391
New Participants	1,243	168	277	29	101	55	34	2,251
Participants Served	3,498	303	638	91	363	161	95	5,149
Treatment Hours Administered	260,986	5,979	18,236	2,713	19,651	1,918	2,897	312,380
Multi-Panel Drug Tests Administered	142,726	4,502	11,742	3,427	12,980	3,022	2,584	180,983
Total Drug Free Babies Reported	47	3	9	N/R	N/R	1	1	61
Obtained Employment	660	91	101	N/R	N/R	10	4	866
Obtained Secure Housing	281	-	42	N/R	N/R	63	1	387
Community Service Hours	18,340	-	314	N/R	14,805	306	116	33,881
Graduated	527	99	117	16	92	8	13	872
Average Months in the Program	25	9	11	18	18	60	22	23

NON-FUNDED PROGRAMS THAT ARE OTHERWISE SUPPORTED

Item	Orleans Domestic Violence Courts	24th Intensive Probation Services	Orleans Misdemeanor Monitoring	Behavioral Health Courts	19th Pre-trial release	Reentry Courts	Veterans Courts	Total All Courts
Individuals Screened	1,707	323	102	298	47	18	16	2,511
New Participants	881	187	60	69	29	9	7	2,251
Participants Served	1,647	546	91	146	58	35	73	2,596

PROVIDING COURT INFORMATION AND CONDUCTING OUTREACH



The Louisiana Supreme Court Community Relations Department serves as the public-facing entity responsible for sharing court information and conducting outreach. The department disseminates press releases, court opinions, news updates, media responses, and website content, and provides video and photographic support for courthouse events. It plays a key role in public relations, event planning, and special projects, and judicial communications that support the court's mission to preserve the integrity of the judiciary, maintain public trust, and support the court's efforts to provide efficient administration of justice.

In 2025, the department played a pivotal role in supporting educational initiatives, judicial outreach programs, and major conferences. Acting as ambassadors for the state court and the judiciary, the Community Relations team expertly coordinated activities surrounding the Conference of Chief Justices Midyear Meeting—an event that brought together justices from across the nation. The department further advanced the court's community impact by supporting the 2025 Truancy Summit, launched by the Chief Justice, and the Families in Need of Services Assistance Program, conducted in partnership with the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and the Louisiana Department of Education. Through initiatives like Judges in the Classroom/Students in the Courtroom, the department extends the court's educational reach to schools throughout Louisiana, reinforcing the judiciary's commitment to civic education.

Additionally, the department provided essential support to the justices and staff during the "Riding the Circuit" initiative, facilitating public and student access to oral arguments held at the Louisiana State University Paul M. Hebert Law Center and the Southern University Law Center. The Community Relations Department also welcomed over 1,552 visitors for courthouse tours in 2025, offering meaningful opportunities for engagement with justices and staff and promoting civic education. These efforts highlight the department's dedication to fostering public understanding and strengthening the relationship between the judiciary and the community.



JUDICIARY COMMISSION OF LOUISIANA

The Judiciary Commission of Louisiana (the Commission) was established in 1968 by an amendment to Article IX of the 1921 Louisiana Constitution and was continued by Article V, Section 25 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution. The Commission is an independent body charged with receiving and evaluating complaints of ethical misconduct against active state court judges and other judicial officers. The Commission conducts investigations and hearings to determine whether there is good cause to believe that a judge has committed an ethical violation that may warrant a recommendation of public discipline to the Louisiana Supreme Court.

Judges are governed by a Code of Judicial Conduct and the Louisiana Constitution. Even though judges are elected, they are subject to a separate disciplinary process that may result in removal from office. This disciplinary process provides an extra layer of protection to the public and allows judges to be disciplined in ways that are mostly unavailable for other elected public officials (i.e., through, in appropriate cases, removal from office or suspension from office with or without pay).

JUDICIARY COMMISSION ACTIVITY REPORT 2025	
Complaints received and docketed	639
Files pending from previous years	191
Received and responded to requests for complaint forms	213
Files pending as of December 31, 2025	218
Files closed in 2025	554
Complaints screened out as not within the jurisdiction of the Commission or failing to allege facts implicating a possible violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct or the Louisiana Constitution	331
Complaints reviewed to consider the need for investigation	160
Complaints in which the Commission authorized in-depth investigations, including some complaints filed before January 1, 2025	49
Notices of Hearing filed against Judicial Officers	6
Public hearings scheduled and/or conducted before a randomly appointed hearing officer	2
Appearances of judges before the Commission, after stipulations in lieu of hearing before hearing officer	2
Appearances of judges before the Commission following evidentiary hearing	2
Recommendations for judicial discipline filed with the Supreme Court	6
Supreme Court imposed discipline as follows: Two thirty-day suspensions without pay (In re Foret, 25-00320 (La. 10/15/25), 420 So. 3d 683; In re Medley, 25-00879 (La. 10/24/25), 421 So. 3d 890) and one six-month suspension without pay (In re Colbert, 25-0094 (La. 12/11/25), 424 So. 3d 620)	3
Recommendations for interim disqualification filed with the Supreme Court (Granted)	1
Admonishments issued	11
Cautions issued	19
Deferred Recommendation of Discipline Agreements	2

2025 JUDICIARY COMMISSION

Judge Bruce Hampton, Chair
 Judge Sharon D. Wilson, Vice Chair
 Ms. Judith Rozier
 Mr. Lloyd J. Clark
 Mr. Thomas C. Wicker, IV, JD
 Mr. David Ardoin
 Judge Brady O’Callaghan
 Dr. Shondra G. Williams
 Justice Chet D. Traylor, retired
 Mr. Michael A. McGlone, JD
 Mr. Chester Cedars, JD
 Judge Robert L. Wyatt
 Mr. John Sinquefield, JD
 Mr. D. Brennan Hussey, JD

STAFF OF THE JUDICIARY COMMISSION

Sandra A. Vujnovich, JD
Chief Executive Officer
 Kelly Blackwell, JD
Commission Legal Counsel

STAFF OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL COUNSEL

Michelle A. Beaty, JD
Special Counsel

By constitutional amendment effective in January 2025, the size of the Commission increased from nine to fourteen members. The amendment also gave the Supreme Court the authority to direct the Commission to institute an investigation or, on its own motion, disqualify a judge from exercising judicial functions.

Regarding the volunteer membership of the Commission, in 2025, Judge Bruce Hampton of the Third Judicial District Court was elected as Chair of the Commission, succeeding citizen member Suzanne Stinson. Judge Sharon Wilson of the Third Circuit Court of Appeal was elected as Vice-Chair. Attorney John D. Fitzmorris, Jr., of New Orleans completed a four-year term and was replaced by attorney D. Brennan Hussey of Shreveport.

LOUISIANA JUDICIAL COLLEGE

A YEAR IN REVIEW



Michael Schachtman, JD
Judicial College Executive Director



As the judicial education branch of the Supreme Court responsible for training state court judges at all levels of jurisdiction, the Louisiana Judicial College’s mission is to “provide judges with high quality, comprehensive, and relevant professional development and training, in order to ensure the timely, fair, impartial, and efficient administration of justice for all citizens of Louisiana.”

The College’s three largest annual conferences — Spring Judges Conference, Summer School, and Fall Judges Conference — are supplemented by a variety of other statewide seminars offering specialized content throughout the year. In addition to in-person trainings, the College provides on-demand courses, jurisdiction-specific “Bench Books,” roundtable discussion groups, model rules and best practices guides, and a judicial mentorship program for new judges.

Judges are required to attend a minimum of 12.5 hours of Continuing Legal Education (CLE) every year — 1 hour of which must be on legal ethics and 1 hour on professional responsibility. Judges must obtain 5 of those 12.5 hours directly from the Louisiana Judicial College in-person, including “at least one hour every

other calendar year of training in domestic violence and trauma-informed courts.”

The College’s curriculum includes over 150 annual CLE credit hours. Topics include ethics, professionalism, and a wide variety of subject matter specializations. Each program also provides opportunities for judges to receive updates on recent legislative and jurisprudential developments, learn about best practices for judicial administration, and take advantage of opportunities to share ideas and information. The Judicial College also held training programs for judges new to judicial service and for existing judges transitioning to other courts.

In March, the College offered the “Evidence and Procedure Seminar” in partnership with the Louisiana Association for Justice; in April, the College hosted the Spring Judges Conference in Lake Charles. Summer School, held in partnership with the Louisiana State Bar Association in June, provided more than 50 hours of CLE programming. In August, the College hosted the “City, Family, and Juvenile Judges Seminar,” which offered specialized trainings based on jurisdiction. Fall Judges’ Conference was held in October in New Orleans, with traditional

educational and collegial activities. The “Rural Courts Seminar” was held in November in Natchitoches, and the College closed out the year in December by offering a judicial writing seminar as well as a joint “Torts Seminar” with the Louisiana Association of Defense Counsel. By year’s end, the College also tallied many hours of participation in the College’s on-demand online CLE offerings.

The College also continued its work training mayors, magistrates, city attorneys, clerks of court, and others involved in the administration of “Mayors’ Courts” throughout the state. This includes an online training and an in-person seminar in November in Alexandria, both of which were offered in partnership with the Louisiana Municipal Association, the Louisiana Office of Motor Vehicles, and the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

The Judicial College Staff are instrumental in providing a continued high level of service and support for the College’s mission. Judges and other court partners are invited to contact Judicial College Executive Director Michael Schachtman at MSchachtman@lasc.org for more information.

LAW LIBRARY OF LOUISIANA OVERVIEW

2025 YEAR IN REVIEW



MIRIAM CHILDS, MLIS
DIRECTOR, LAW LIBRARY

Located in the Chief Justice Pascal F. Calogero, Jr. Courthouse in New Orleans, the Law Library of Louisiana’s mission is to provide access to legal information and research assistance for judges, judicial staff, the Bar, and the public throughout the state. Founded in 1838, the Law Library contains over 150,000 physical volumes, in addition to a full array of online legal resources.

The Law Library partnered with the Supreme Court of Louisiana Historical Society to commemorate the bicentennial of the 1825 Louisiana Civil Code by coordinating several bicentennial-themed CLE programs held around the state throughout the year. Law librarians recorded 3,112 reference desk interactions in 2025, 45% of those interactions involving self-represented litigants. The library added 1,804 new titles and 1,141 new volumes to its collection and responded to 543 prisoner mail requests. The library’s outreach efforts in 2025 included staffing a table at the Louisiana Library Association conference with the Louisiana State Bar Association’s Access to Justice Department; publication of *De Novo*, its tri-annual newsletter; and monthly exhibits available for viewing on the first floor of the Supreme Court building.



CLERK OF COURT

2025 YEAR IN REVIEW



VERONICA O. KOCLANES, JD
CLERK OF COURT



The Office of the Clerk of Court fulfilled the following key responsibilities and accomplishments in 2025:

- Processed all filings and dispositions, including dissemination of actions to the parties, courts, and the public via U.S. Mail, email, and the Internet.
- Scanned all filings and dispositions, which are available to Court personnel via the Court's case management system.
- Continued the design and development of a technologically advanced, integrated case management system through the collaborative efforts of the Court's IT developers and Clerk of Court leadership under the close supervision of the Justices.
- Continued to fine tune the Court's existing Thomson Reuters C-Track Court Case Management System for a more efficient and expeditious processing of case matters.
- Engaged in a comprehensive review and revision of the Rules of the Louisiana Supreme Court. This initiative was designed to modernize and clarify procedural requirements, ensuring they more effectively accommodate the needs of litigants and align with the operational practices of the lower courts. The revised rules reflect a thoughtful and collaborative effort to enhance accessibility, efficiency, and consistency within the judicial process.
- Continued reorganization of the Court's record rooms, including accelerated efforts to restore and archive older records in preparation for the electronic scanning of all case files and integration with the new case management system being developed.
- Continued concerted efforts to promote the

electronic submission of all documents, filings, and records within the Court, lower courts, and the legal community for ease of dissemination and archiving, as well as advanced remote capabilities for the uninterrupted processing of filings and dispositions.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF COURT

Veronica Koclanes, JD
Clerk of Court
Katie Marjanovic, JD
Chief Deputy Clerk of Court
Theresa McCarthy, JD
2nd Deputy Clerk of Court
Ryan Chan
Deputy Clerk
Brian Riddle
Deputy Clerk
Thomas Barnes
Deputy Clerk—Records Manager
Chris Firicano, CPA
Accounting Specialist
Jose Torres
Director of Security

- Bar Admissions: In 2025, 499 candidates were admitted to the practice of law, evidencing a continued slight annual increase. There were 460 candidates admitted in 2024 and 451 candidates admitted in 2023.
- The number of certificates of good standing, which evidence an attorney's ability to practice law, continues to be high. In 2025, 2,219 certificates were issued. This is slightly higher than the 2,188 issued in 2024, and slightly lower than the 2,258 certificates issued in 2023. Note: Newly admitted attorneys receive two certificates, free of charge, which are not included in these numbers.
- Managed logistics for events held in the building, which included 14 sessions of oral argument sittings over ten days; 35 in-person court conference days; 18 Judiciary Commission hearing and meeting days; 7 Law Institute meeting days; 18 bar admission swearing-in ceremonies, 4 health clinics; over 52 scheduled tours; and over 50 other law-related events. The number of events in the building continues to annually increase.
- Oversaw courthouse general maintenance and improvements, including the renovations to the chambers of new incoming justices and ongoing overhaul of the Court's security system infrastructure through the collaborative efforts of the Division of Administration and the Court's Information Services Department.
- Ongoing assistance in the execution and continued funding of the major exterior building waterproofing, window refurbishing, and roof replacement project, as well as building renovations to address judicial security needs.

COMMITTEE ON BAR ADMISSIONS

2025 YEAR IN REVIEW

The Committee on Bar Admissions is comprised of 18 active members of the Louisiana State Bar Association appointed by the Louisiana Supreme Court to administer the bar admissions system. It is the duty of the Committee to recommend for admission only those applicants who meet the eligibility requirements set forth in La. Sup. Ct. Rule XVII.

In 2025, the Committee received and processed 836 bar examination applications, 383 law student registration forms, 95 A.D.A. requests, 5 equivalency applications, 6 in-house counsel applications, and 0 Military Spouse applications. The bar examination was administered on February 17, 19, and 21, 2025, and on July 21, 23, and 25, 2025. Examiners developed examination questions and, with the assistance of more than 300 volunteer graders, scored test papers for 213 applicants who sat for the February examination and 507 applicants who sat for the July examination. The pass rate was 56.34% in February and 74.56% for July.

In order to ensure that each applicant recommended for admission possessed the requisite character and fitness, the Committee's Character and Fitness Department investigated and considered the backgrounds of all applicants. As part of the character and fitness screening process, 4 Commissioner Hearings were held, and 1 matter was argued before the Supreme Court. The Committee's Character and Fitness Panel recommended 5 applicants be conditionally admitted and 7 applicants be denied admission.

C. Peck Hayne, Jr.
Director of Testing
Stephanie A. Finley
Testing Committee Member
Magistrate Donna P. Currault,
Testing Committee Member
Thomas P. Owen, Jr.
Examiner – Code I
Joseph M. Placer
Examiner – Code II
Margaret Marie Welsh
Examiner – Code III
Erin Wedge Latuso
Examiner – Louisiana Code of Civil Procedure
Zita M. Andrus
Examiner – Torts
Mark J. Fernandez
Examiner – Business Entities
Kathryn Weatherly Munson
Examiner – Constitutional Law
Adam P. Johnson
Examiner – Criminal Law, Procedure & Evidence
Glenn L. Langley
*Examiner – Federal Jurisdiction & Procedure *term expired April 30, 2025*
Reid A. Jones
*Examiner – Federal Jurisdiction & Procedure *appointed May 1, 2025*



LOUISIANA ATTORNEY DISCIPLINARY BOARD

LADB YEAR IN REVIEW

The year 2025 brought another transition in leadership to the professional regulatory system for Louisiana’s attorneys. In February, the Louisiana Attorney Disciplinary Board (LADB) selected attorney Raul Esquivel III as the Administrator of Louisiana’s statewide system for regulating attorney conduct and the ongoing capacity to practice law. Mr. Esquivel is the first attorney selected for this role, and his selection reflects a multi-faceted approach for promoting high professional standards for Louisiana’s attorneys, including the LADB’s collaborative efforts with the Committee on Bar Admissions and with the Louisiana State Bar Association. For example, the LADB has enhanced its administrative, financial, and logistic support for ensuring that initial licensure requirements for newly admitted attorneys were met.

As part of its goal to continue to educate the over 23,000 licensed attorneys in Louisiana on the latest trends, decisions, and changes regarding attorney discipline and the Rules of Professional Conduct, the LADB enlisted the assistance of volunteer speakers to produce free, high quality continuing legal education (“CLE”) offerings in Kenner, Lafayette, and Monroe. These free CLE events reached over 730 attorneys and provided over 3,800 combined hours of CLE. In addition, the Office of Disciplinary Counsel (“ODC”) through the Chief Disciplinary Counsel and Deputy Disciplinary Counsel provided 50 volunteer hours of CLE instruction throughout the state and nationally.

As we approach 2026, the Louisiana Attorney Disciplinary Board, and the Office of Disciplinary Counsel have endeavored to ensure that every part of the administrative and adjudicative process of the disciplinary system is streamlined and that the disciplinary assessment paid by each and every one of the over 23,000 lawyers in this state is being utilized efficiently, purposefully, and to the benefit of the members of the legal profession and the public.

It must also be noted that the disciplinary system is more than just hearings, suspensions, and disbarments. We also provide assistance when attorneys have passed away, experienced unfortunate disabilities, or would like to utilize the various services provided by the Judges and Lawyers Assistance Program. Our goal is simple... to ensure the public has reliable and competent legal representation and to ensure that the license attorneys hold retains its value in a way that is commensurate with the work and sacrifice endured to achieve and maintain it.

LADB Board Members

Lori Allen Waters
Board Chair
Aldric C. Poirier, Jr.
*Board Vice-Chair/Adjudicative
Committee Chair*
Alan Breithaupt
Lawyer Member
Marie Desormeaux Centanni
Public Member
Todd S. Clemons
Lawyer Member
Kevin E. Cunningham
Lawyer Member
Albert Rudolph Dennis Iii
Public Member
Jimmy R. Faircloth, Jr.
Lawyer Member
Valerie S. Fields, Ed.d.
Public Member
Robert A. Kutcher
LSBA Representative
James B. Letten
Lawyer Member
Ronald J. Miciotto
Lawyer Member
M. Todd Richard
Public Member
Erica Johnson Rose
Lawyer Member

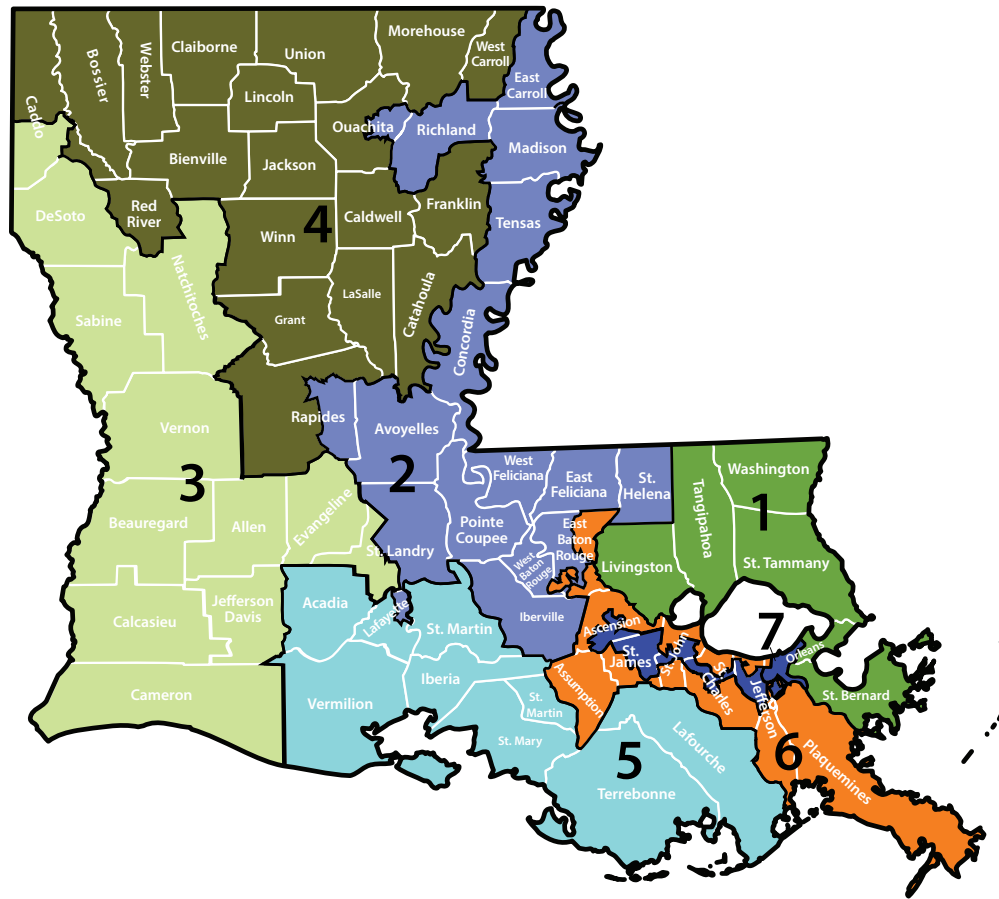
MAPS OF JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

LOUISIANA SUPREME COURT DISTRICTS

Effective May 1, 2024

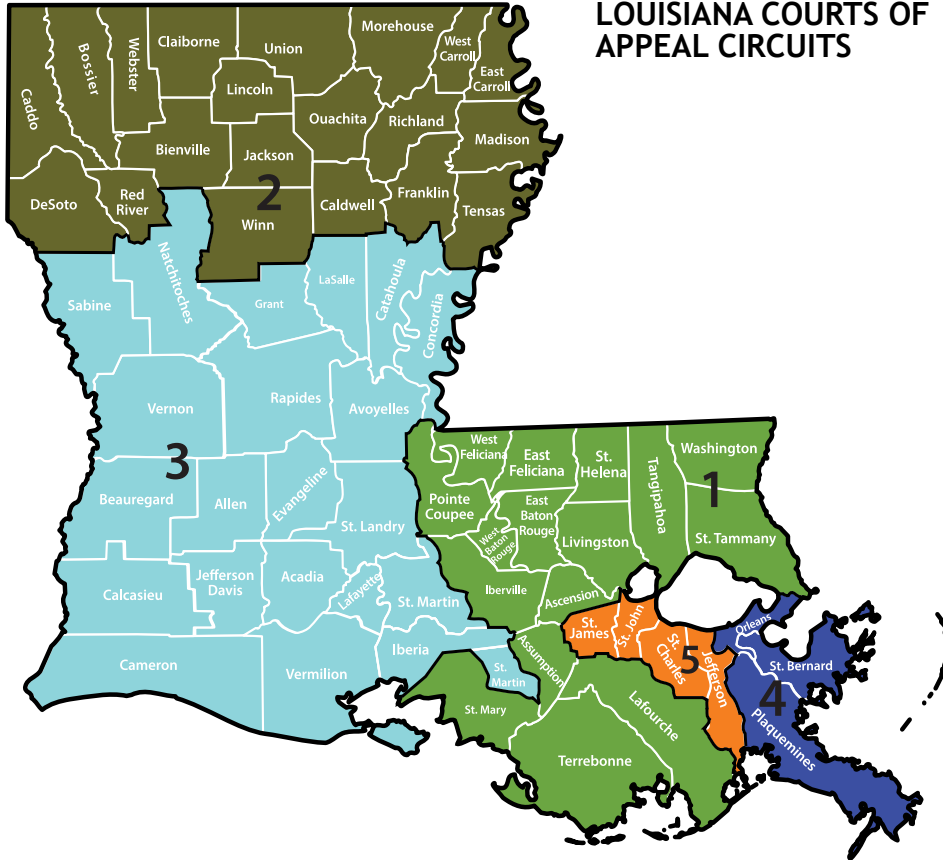
[Act No. 7 of the 2024 Regular Session](#)

<https://legis.la.gov/legis/ViewDocument.aspx?d=1371415>

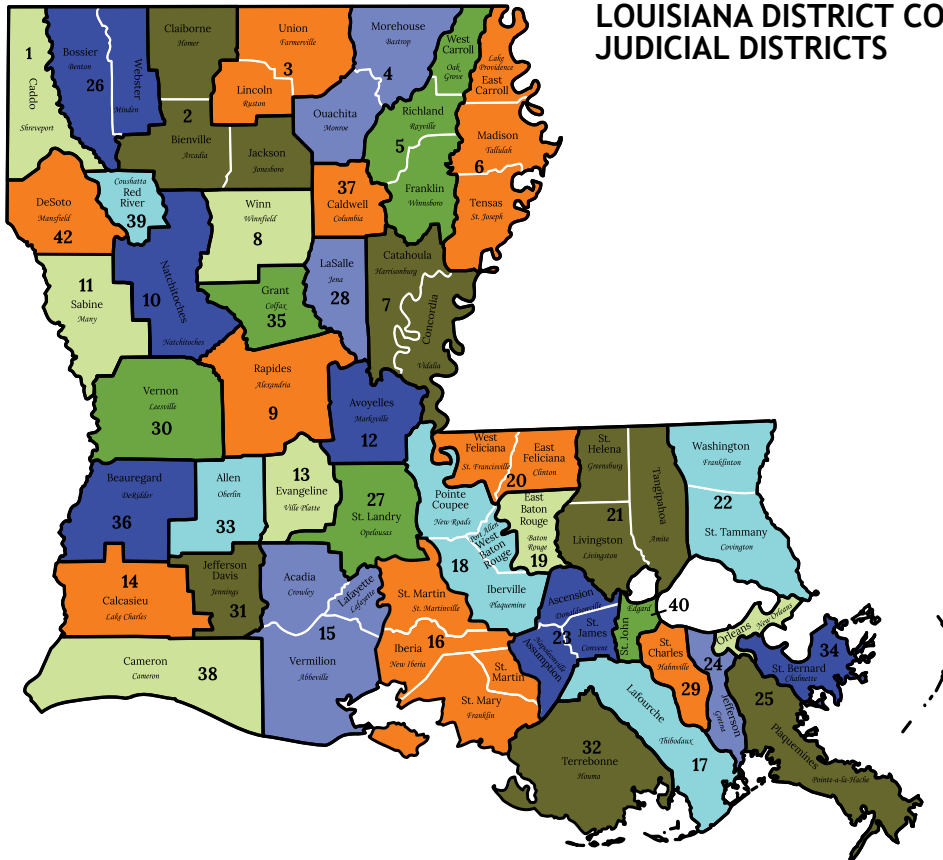


MAPS OF JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

LOUISIANA COURTS OF APPEAL CIRCUITS



LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS JUDICIAL DISTRICTS



LOUISIANA SUPREME COURT



The Supreme Court of Louisiana is Louisiana's highest court and is domiciled in the City of New Orleans.

Under the Constitution of 1974, the Louisiana Supreme Court is composed of seven justices elected from districts throughout Louisiana. The justices of the Louisiana Supreme Court serve 10 year terms of office. The senior justice in point of service is the Chief Justice, who is the chief administrative officer of the judicial system.

The Supreme Court has *exclusive jurisdiction* in cases involving disciplinary action against lawyers and judges. These cases cannot be heard by any other state court – only the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court has *appellate jurisdiction* in cases in which a law or ordinance has been declared unconstitutional and in capital cases where the death penalty has been imposed. These cases originate in the trial court, but bypass review by the intermediate courts of appeal in order to be heard directly by the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court has *supervisory jurisdiction* over all state courts. Cases from courts reach the Supreme Court after they have been heard by a lower court; however, the Supreme Court does not automatically hear these cases. A party must first convince the Court in a special application that its case merits high court review because an error occurred in the opinion, judgment, or ruling of the lower court. This procedure is known as *applying for writs*.

2025 Supreme Court Stats

In 2025, there were 1,651 filings (case initiations) filed with the Office of the Clerk of Court. The number is 56 more than the 1,595 filed in 2024, but 74 less than the 1,725 filed in 2023. The number of case filings has generally dropped annually since 2013. Although there has been a general decline in the total number of filings as with all courts, there continues to be a significant number of cases being submitted where expedited consideration is requested. Since these cases interrupt the normal processing of work and are labor intensive, requiring immediate attention by the justices, their staff, and the Clerk of Court's Office, the Rules of the Supreme Court were amended to institute procedural limitations for the filing of cases seeking expedited consideration. This has attributed to a slight reduction in the number of priority submissions.

Louisiana Supreme Court

CASE FILING BY TYPE

SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA *Two Year Trend in Activity*

	2024	2025	2025	2025
	TOTAL	TOTAL	CIVIL	CRIMINAL
APPEALS:				
Filed	3	4	2	2
Dismissed	0	0	0	0
Opinions Rendered	0	1	1	0
with written opinions	0	1	1	0
Per curiams	0	0	0	0
WRITS				
Apps filed-except Pro Se	903	992	657	335
Prisoner Pro Se Writs	519	508	2	506
Granted	142	186	111	75
to be argued	45	38	26	12
with orders & transferred	97	148	85	63
Dismissed	39	46	25	21
Not Considered	122	196	42	154
Denied	1182	1020	471	549
Opinions Rendered	36	42	26	16
REHEARINGS:				
Applied for	32	40	28	12
Granted	4	6	2	4
Denied/Dismissed	29	34	26	8
Opinions Rendered	3	1	0	1
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION:				
Petitions Filed	170	147	147	0
Opinions Rendered	9	6	6	0
Other Acts (GwO-Dism)	189	154	154	0
OTHER MATTERS:				
Filed	0			
Opinions Rendered	0	0	0	0
Other Actions	0	0		
OTHER PER CURIAM				
OPINS RENDERED:	0	0	0	0
TOTAL FILINGS:				
	1595	1651	808	843
Per Justice	228	236	115	120
TOTAL OPINIONS RENDERED				
	53	50	33	17

The Supreme Court has exclusive original jurisdiction in cases involving disciplinary actions against lawyers and judges, appellate jurisdiction in capital cases where the death penalty has been imposed and in cases in which a law or ordinance has been declared unconstitutional, as well as supervisory jurisdiction over all courts.



COURTS OF APPEAL

Louisiana has established the intermediate Circuit Courts of Appeal between the district courts and the Supreme Court. The work of the intermediate appellate courts is divided among five Courts of Appeal, domiciled in Baton Rouge, Shreveport, Lake Charles, New Orleans, and Gretna. The First Circuit (Baton Rouge) has 12 judges; the Second Circuit (Shreveport) has 9; the Third Circuit (Lake Charles) has 12; the Fourth Circuit (New Orleans) has 12; and the Fifth Circuit (Gretna) has 8. The majority of the judges are elected at the district level, and a few are elected on an at large basis, representing the entire circuit. Courts of Appeal judges are elected for ten-year terms. The longest-serving judge on each Court of Appeal is the chief judge and administers the court subject to rules adopted by it.

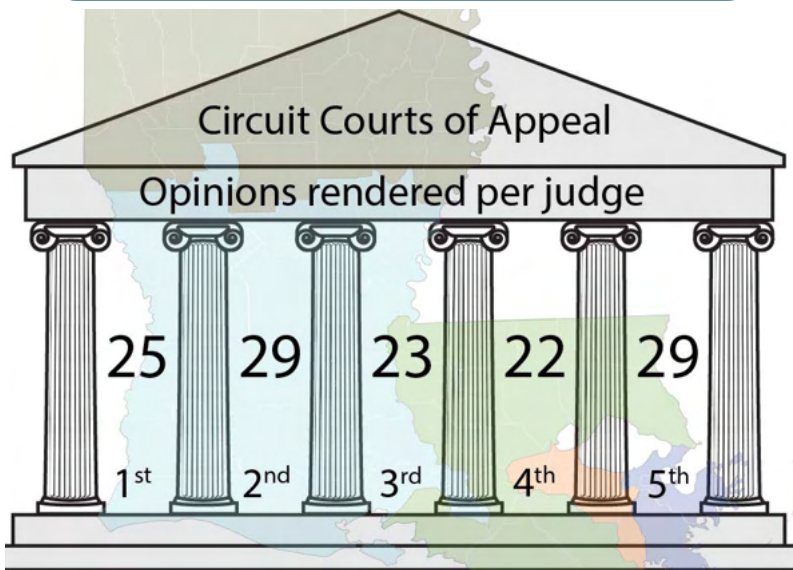
Each Court of Appeal has appellate jurisdiction over all civil matters, all matters appealed from family and juvenile courts, and all criminal cases triable by a jury which arise within its circuit, except for those cases appealable directly to the Supreme Court or to the district courts. Each court sits in panels of at least three judges selected according to rules adopted by the court. A majority of the judges sitting in a case must concur to render judgment. However, in civil matters only, when a judgment of a district court or an administrative agency determination in a workers' compensation claim is to be modified or reversed and one judge dissents, the case must be reargued before a panel of at least five judges prior to rendition of judgment, and a majority must concur to render judgment.

Except where the Louisiana Constitution limits review to questions of law, or where statutes provide otherwise for administrative agency decisions, the Courts of Appeal have appellate jurisdiction over both law and fact.

However, in criminal matters, the appellate jurisdiction extends only to questions of law. The supervisory jurisdiction of each Circuit Court of Appeal extends to all cases arising within its circuit, subject to the general supervisory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

Total filings of writs and appeals increased from 2024 to 2025. Total filings of writs and appeals in 2025 totaled 4,052 compared to 3,897 in 2024. Filings of appeals decreased by 6% in 2025, falling from 1,425 in 2024 to 1,339 in 2025. Criminal appeals filed declined from 407 in 2024 to 402 in 2025. Civil appeals filed declined from 1,018 in 2024 to 937. The number of writs filed increased by 10% from 2,472 in 2024 to 2,713 in 2025. The total number of opinions rendered by the appellate courts declined by 4% in 2025, decreasing from 1,402 in 2024 to 1,348 in 2025.

2025 Courts of Appeal Stats



STATISTICAL DATA

LOUISIANA COURTS OF APPEAL *Two Year Trend in Activity*

	2024 Total	2025 Total	2025 Civil	2025 Criminal
FIRST CIRCUIT				
Appeals Filed	425	404	331	73
Motions Filed	67	48	37	11
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	477	561	417	144
Writs Refused*	361	410	293	117
Writs Granted	124	106	78	28
Pro Se Writs Filed	364	357	67	290
Pro Se Writs Refused*	298	288	44	244
Pro Se Writs Granted	62	60	15	45
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	58	75	68	7
Consolidated Opinions	16	7	7	0
Opinions Rendered **	380	305	248	57
Rehearings Acted Upon***	83	60	52	8
Appeals Pending	268	299	217	82
Argued But Not Decided	42	79	69	10
To Be Argued	226	220	148	72
Opinions Rendered Per Judge by Circuit	32	25	21	5
SECOND CIRCUIT				
Appeals Filed	238	239	123	116
Motions Filed	5	9	8	1
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	150	190	141	49
Writs Refused*	134	135	92	43
Writs Granted	39	41	32	9
Pro Se Writs Filed	141	150	12	138
Pro Se Writs Refused*	125	128	10	118
Pro Se Writs Granted	28	21	0	21
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	15	21	16	5
Consolidated Opinions	20	13	5	8
Opinions Rendered **	246	262	138	124
Rehearings Acted Upon***	31	27	22	5
Appeals Pending	111	55	29	26
Argued But Not Decided	6	8	5	3
To Be Argued	105	47	24	23
Opinions Rendered Per Judge by Circuit	27	29	15	14
THIRD CIRCUIT				
Appeals Filed	280	258	177	81
Motions Filed	12	35	19	16
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	260	311	231	80
Writs Refused*	177	181	171	10
Writs Granted	65	77	33	44
Pro Se Writs Filed	155	162	7	155
Pro Se Writs Refused*	91	77	8	69
Pro Se Writs Granted	40	54	1	53
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	33	23	23	0
Consolidated Opinions	0	1	0	1
Opinions Rendered **	273	281	184	97
Rehearings Acted Upon***	35	42	31	11
Appeals Pending	150	121	86	35
Argued But Not Decided	8	9	9	0
To Be Argued	142	112	77	35
Opinions Rendered Per Judge by Circuit	23	23	15	8

LOUISIANA COURTS OF APPEAL *Two Year Trend in Activity*

	2024 Total	2025 Total	2025 Civil	2025 Criminal
FOURTH CIRCUIT				
Appeals Filed	269	257	193	64
Motions Filed	42	42	20	22
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	417	436	262	174
Writs Refused*	288	310	185	125
Writs Granted	42	63	38	25
Pro Se Writs Filed	118	147	5	142
Pro Se Writs Refused*	80	112	4	108
Pro Se Writs Granted	28	37	1	36
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	29	28	24	4
Consolidated Opinions	8	9	7	2
Opinions Rendered **	280	263	195	68
Rehearings Acted Upon***	54	37	29	8
Appeals Pending	162	159	113	46
Argued But Not Decided	9	11	6	5
To Be Argued	153	148	107	41
Opinions Rendered Per Judge by Circuit	23	22	16	6
FIFTH CIRCUIT				
Appeals Filed	213	184	112	72
Motions Filed	33	37	15	22
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	222	257	159	98
Writs Refused*	137	120	68	52
Writs Granted	43	36	19	17
Pro Se Writs Filed	168	142	3	139
Pro Se Writs Refused*	129	133	3	130
Pro Se Writs Granted	17	21	0	21
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	24	13	10	3
Consolidated Opinions	0	4	4	0
Opinions Rendered **	223	234	145	89
Rehearings Acted Upon***	35	43	29	14
Appeals Pending	126	95	64	31
Argued But Not Decided	2	2	2	0
To Be Argued	124	93	62	31
Opinions Rendered Per Judge by Circuit	28	29	18	11
TOTAL FOR ALL CIRCUITS				
Appeals Filed	1,425	1,342	936	406
Motions Filed	159	171	99	72
Writs Filed (except Pro Se)	1,526	1,755	1,210	545
Writs Refused*	1,097	1,156	809	347
Writs Granted	313	323	200	123
Pro Se Writs Filed	946	958	94	864
Pro Se Writs Refused*	723	738	69	669
Pro Se Writs Granted	175	193	17	176
Appeals Dismissed/Transferred	159	160	141	19
Consolidated Opinions	44	34	23	11
Opinions Rendered **	1,402	1,345	910	435
Rehearings Acted Upon***	238	209	163	46
Appeals Pending	817	729	509	220
Argued But Not Decided	67	109	91	18
To Be Argued	750	620	418	202
Opinions Rendered Per Judge	26	25	17	8

* Includes writs denied, writs not considered, writs dismissed and transferred

** Includes Opinions on appeals, writs, rehearings & supplemental

***Includes rehearings on writs



DISTRICT COURTS

The trial court of general jurisdiction in Louisiana is the district court. District courts generally have authority to handle all civil and criminal cases.

Civil cases involve actions to enforce, correct, or protect private rights. In general, civil cases include all types of actions that are not criminal proceedings.

In a criminal proceeding, a person is charged with a crime and brought to trial and either found guilty or not guilty. The purpose of a criminal case is to punish the person who violates criminal laws.

District Courts are typically the level of court where judicial branch innovations find their broadest application. Drug Courts, Re-entry Courts and other problem-solving courts are currently the most widespread examples of such innovations. There are 63 district courts spread throughout the state, with approximately 70 judges taking an active role in their operation. These programs require intensive judicial oversight of program participants in mandatory treatment, drug testing, employment, and educational activities and involve weekly staffing and court proceedings outside of a judge's regular court duties. Judges handle specialty or problem-solving court dockets on a volunteer basis.

2025 District Court Stats

Louisiana District Courts reported an increase in total filings for 2025, increasing by 5% from 553,518 total filings in 2024 to 578,107 total filings in 2025. Filings increased in 2025 for Civil filings by 5% and Traffic filings by 9%; while juvenile filings decreased by -5%; criminal filings decreased by -2%. Civil jury trials decreased in 2025, going from 125 civil jury trials in 2024 down to 112 civil jury trials in 2025. Criminal jury trials increased in 2025, from 563 criminal jury trials in 2024 increasing to 574 criminal jury trials in 2025.

JUVENILE COURTS

The Juvenile Courts have exclusive jurisdiction over cases alleging delinquency committed by persons under 17 years of age, with the exception of certain felony offenses for which 15- and 16-year-olds can be transferred to the district courts. Juvenile Courts also handle child in need of care, families in need of services and adoption proceedings of children under the age of 18.

Some juvenile courts may also handle child support matters. Courts of general jurisdiction or family courts may handle divorce, custody and child support matters.

2025 Juvenile Court Stats

Juvenile filings in Louisiana's four specialized Juvenile Courts decreased by 8.82%, falling from 10,994 in 2024 to 10,066 in 2025.

STATISTICAL DATA

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS *Two Year Trend in Activity*

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS

		2024	2025 Juvenile Filed	2025 Civil Filed	2025 Criminal Filed	2025 Traffic Filed	2025 Total Filed	2025 Civil Jury Trials	2025 Criminal Jury Trials	Filing to Disposition, Avg Days ⁴
DISTRICT	PARISH									
1	CADDO ¹	14489	247	6627	8341	608	15823	1	64	245
	District Totals:	14489	247	6627	8341	608	15823	1	64	
2	BIENVILLE	3290	50	328	575	2745	3698	0	0	114
2	CLAIBORNE	1610	88	378	342	850	1658	0	1	162
2	JACKSON	1195	70	377	396	490	1333	0	0	307
	District Totals:	6095	208	1083	1313	4085	6689	0	1	
3	LINCOLN	6279	364	730	1582	4961	7637	0	3	354
3	UNION	2753	229	944	931	1684	3788	0	1	142
	District Totals:	9032	593	1674	2513	6645	11425	0	4	
4	MOREHOUSE	5956	286	553	925	4026	5790	0	2	495
4	OUACHITA	47135	1371	5944	18266	25114	50695	1	9	245
	District Totals:	53091	1657	6497	19191	29140	56485	1	11	
5	FRANKLIN	3144	283	677	895	1007	2862	1	0	216
5	RICHLAND	5921	163	567	472	6026	7228	1	0	375
5	WEST CARROLL	1033	80	289	204	517	1090	0	1	222
	District Totals:	10098	526	1533	1571	7550	11180	2	1	
6	EAST CARROLL	2596	38	142	324	2696	3200	0	0	311
6	MADISON	5054	58	212	866	5451	6587	0	0	392
6	TENSAS	1297	18	112	546	1475	2151	0	0	295
	District Totals:	8947	114	466	1736	9622	11938	0	0	
7	CATAHOULA	1609	0	269	664	491	1424	0	2	170
7	CONCORDIA	2903	101	604	920	1728	3353	0	0	125
	District Totals:	4512	101	873	1584	2219	4777	0	2	
8	WINN	1227	58	292	451	508	1309	0	0	216
	District Totals:	1227	58	292	451	508	1309	0	0	
9	RAPIDES	12249	692	3437	2522	6719	13370	1	7	283
	District Totals:	12249	692	3437	2522	6719	13370	1	7	
10	NATCHITOCHE	7908	699	1041	1095	3922	6757	0	2	357
	District Totals:	7908	699	1041	1095	3922	6757	0	2	
11	SABINE	1834	94	590	574	726	1984	0	6	252
	District Totals:	1834	94	590	574	726	1984	0	6	

1. Violations of Traffic, Misdemeanors, and/or Juvenile/Family Laws are Processed by Parish, City, and/or Juvenile/Family Courts.
2. DWI is included in the criminal totals beginning in 1990.
3. The 14th JDC - Calcasieu, requested corrections in traffic, juvenile and misdemeanor cases filed in 2024
4. This new column (required by Act 724 of the 2024 Regular Session) shows the average number of days from case filing to adjudication except those cases disposed by bench warrant, warrant recalled, and warrant satisfied, using data as reported by the Clerks of Court to LASC CMIS. It includes felony and misdemeanor cases adjudicated in 2025 that were filed on or after 2020. The calculations are based upon transactional data reported in compliance with La.R.S. 13:753 for reporting to the FBI and not intended to support statistical analysis.

STATISTICAL DATA

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS *Two Year Trend in Activity*

DISTRICT	PARISH	2024	2025 Juvenile Filed	2025 Civil Filed	2025 Criminal Filed	2025 Traffic Filed	2025 Total Filed	2025 Civil Jury Trials	2025 Criminal Jury Trials	Filing to Disposition, Avg Days ⁴
12	AVOYELLES	6846	187	1251	2655	2400	6493	3	6	385
	District Totals:	6846	187	1251	2655	2400	6493	3	6	
13	EVANGELINE	13937	662	1435	581	12508	15186	0	3	349
	District Totals:	13937	662	1435	581	12508	15186	0	3	
14	CALCASIEU	20614	1297	6259	4657	8108	20321	7	18	305
	District Totals:	20614	1297	6259	4657	8108	20321	7	18	
15	ACADIA	5059	130	1584	1429	2229	5372	0	6	188
15	LAFAYETTE	18734	1423	8807	4350	5892	20472	16	8	456
15	VERMILION	6055	301	1747	3730	2658	8436	0	4	372
	District Totals:	29848	1854	12138	9509	10779	34280	16	18	
16	IBERIA	6664	126	2346	2106	2714	7292	0	4	268
16	ST. MARTIN	11109	185	1432	1051	6814	9482	2	3	399
16	ST. MARY	4563	217	1259	1640	2052	5168	3	2	361
	District Totals:	22336	528	5037	4797	11580	21942	5	9	
17	LAFOURCHE	14161	532	2459	4380	7091	14462	1	15	353
	District Totals:	14161	532	2459	4380	7091	14462	1	15	
18	IBERVILLE	3342	118	1009	1181	1127	3435	3	3	139
18	POINTE COU-PEE	2983	104	543	672	1544	2863	1	1	233
18	WEST BATON ROUGE	3771	89	1103	1018	1088	3298	1	1	250
	District Totals:	10096	311	2655	2871	3759	9596	5	5	
19	EAST BATON ROUGE1	35880	0	17452	6324	15149	38925	17	22	413
	District Totals:	35880	0	17452	6324	15149	38925	17	22	
20	EAST FELICIANA	2215	42	695	844	875	2456	0	4	92
20	WEST FELICIANA	1141	16	388	724	441	1569	0	5	176
	District Totals:	3356	58	1083	1568	1316	4025	0	9	
21	LIVINGSTON	13874	889	4974	3720	4725	14308	0	4	249
21	ST. HELENA	2630	70	411	396	1090	1967	0	1	147
21	TANGIPAHOA	19820	597	5104	2516	10057	18274	0	8	281
	District Totals:	36324	1556	10489	6632	15872	34549	0	13	
22	ST. TAMMANY	32948	516	9185	6800	15640	32141	5	36	273
22	WASHINGTON	4046	248	1488	1568	1394	4698	0	13	284
	District Totals:	36994	764	10673	8368	17034	36839	5	49	

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS *Two Year Trend in Activity*

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS

		2024	2025 Juvenile Filed	2025 Civil Filed	2025 Criminal Filed	2025 Traffic Filed	2025 Total Filed	2025 Civil Jury Trials	2025 Criminal Jury Trials	Filing to Disposition, Avg Days ⁴
DISTRICT	PARISH									
23	ASSUMPTION	2628	136	608	613	1202	2559	0	1	333
23	ST. JAMES	2293	131	777	405	1170	2483	2	2	374
	District Totals:	10776	641	5966	2352	2372	11331	3	14	
24	JEFFERSON ¹	18021	0	10973	6915	0	17888	10	68	334
	District Totals:	18021	0	10973	6915	0	17888	10	68	
25	PLAQUEMINES	8141	61	782	768	5162	6773	3	0	362
	District Totals:	8141	61	782	768	5162	6773	3	0	
26	BOSSIER	23779	610	4027	8468	10190	23295	1	7	264
26	WEBSTER	3729	180	926	734	1174	3014	0	1	362
	District Totals:	27508	790	4953	9202	11364	26309	1	8	
27	ST. LANDRY	13433	592	1938	3305	3301	9136	0	10	371
	District Totals:	13433	592	1938	3305	3301	9136	0	10	
28	LASALLE	2117	86	430	1070	423	2009	0	6	144
	District Totals:	2117	86	430	1070	423	2009	0	6	
29	ST. CHARLES	16270	376	1921	688	22836	25821	2	2	88
	District Totals:	16270	376	1921	688	22836	25821	2	2	
30	VERNON	5794	193	1222	942	3953	6310	0	2	218
	District Totals:	5794	193	1222	942	3953	6310	0	2	
31	JEFFERSON DAVIS	5792	154	849	1236	5461	7700	0	1	427
	District Totals:	5792	154	849	1236	5461	7700	0	1	
32	TERREBONNE	20051	419	3014	4162	9518	17113	4	20	193
	District Totals:	20051	419	3014	4162	9518	17113	4	20	
33	ALLEN	2369	198	507	601	1039	2345	0	4	430
	District Totals:	2369	198	507	601	1039	2345	0	4	
34	ST. BERNARD	5487	213	1861	1088	4026	7188	1	5	253
	District Totals:	5487	213	1861	1088	4026	7188	1	5	
35	GRANT	5872	88	653	948	1828	3517	0	5	183
	District Totals:	5872	88	653	948	1828	3517	0	5	
36	BEAUREGARD	6124	155	1243	952	3481	5831	0	4	189
	District Totals:	6124	155	1243	952	3481	5831	0	4	

LOUISIANA DISTRICT COURTS *Two Year Trend in Activity*

		2024	2025 Juvenile Filed	2025 Civil Filed	2025 Criminal Filed	2025 Traffic Filed	2025 Total Filed	2025 Civil Jury Trials	2025 Criminal Jury Trials	Filing to Disposition, Avg Days ⁴
DISTRICT	PARISH									
	CALDWELL	1064	37	319	541	743	1640	0	0	92
	District Totals:	1064	37	319	541	743	1640	0	0	
38	CAMERON	2311	51	158	404	2280	2893	0	0	166
	District Totals:	2311	51	158	404	2280	2893	0	0	
39	RED RIVER	1271	108	257	366	652	1383	0	3	244
	District Totals:	1271	108	257	366	652	1383	0	3	
40	ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST ¹	9689	202	2214	1575	7299	11290	1	12	328
	District Totals:	9689	202	2214	1575	7299	11290	1	12	
42	DESOTO	9325	191	1148	951	7852	10142	1	8	149
	District Totals:	9325	191	1148	951	7852	10142	1	8	
60	ORLEANS CIVIL COURT ¹	11005	0	11806	0	0	11806	22	0	N/A
60	ORLEANS CRIM COURT ¹	4237	0	0	3953	0	3953	0	137	369
	District Totals:	15242	0	11806	3953	0	15759	22	137	
	Statewide Totals:	546531	17293	147258	135252	270930	570733	112	574	

Louisiana Juvenile Courts

JUVENILE JUDICIAL ACTIVITY: FORMAL PROCESS - CALENDAR YEAR 2025

	CADDO			E. BATON ROUGE		
	Filings	Charges	Children ¹	Filings	Charges	Children ¹
Formal FINS (LChC Title VII, esp 746 et. Seq.)	504	504	504	241	316	241
Juvenile Traffic (LChC Title IX)	296	472	296	524	748	524
Juvenile Delinquency (LChC Title VIII)	677	1068	677	621	1013	621
Mental Incapacity to Proceed (LChC 833-838) ²	0	0	0	1	5	1
Interstate Compact for Juveniles (LChC 1661-1673)	8	8	8	0	0	0
Contempt of Court (LChC 1503-1509.1)	185	185	100	166	166	166
Child in Need of Care Cases (LChC Title VI)	137		329	230		395
Voluntary Transfer of Custody (LChC 1510-1523)	7		7	46		60
Jud. Certification of Children for Adoption Cases (LChC Title X)	16		16	31		52
Surrender of Parental Rights (LChC Title XI)	5		5	31		24
Adoption (LChC Title XII)	30		30	72		74
Child Support (LChC Title XIII)	451		625	0		0
Mental Health (LChC Title XIV)	45		45	9		9
Misdemeanor Prosecution of Adults/Other (LChC 1524 - 1532)/other	10		10	68		68
Minor Marriages (LChC 1543-1550)	0		0	0		0
Protection of Terminally Ill Children (LChC 1551-1563)	0		0	0		0
Domestic Abuse (LChC 1564-1757)	5		5	5		5
Other	1300		1300	26		29
Total	3676	2237	3957	2071	2248	2269

¹ The category of Children denotes the number of children listed in filed petitions for each case type

² Mental Incapacity to Proceed is a subset of the category of Delinquency. The event is enumerated separately as it is considered a significant delinquency event.

Family Court

FAMILY COURT FILINGS

EAST BATON ROUGE FAMILY COURT 2025

5 Categories reported on for 2025:	Division A	Division B	Division C	Division D	Total
<i>Total docketed Events, excludes doc minutes</i>	3979	3520	3971	3438	14908
1 - New Case Filings	1188	1205	1293	1221	4907
2 - Trials	102	70	172	119	463
3 - Pre-Rule, Pre-Trial, and Status Conferences	579	180	135	57	951
4 - New Motions/Rules in Existing Cases	2110	2065	2371	2041	8587
5 - Judgments Filed	1443	1529	1598	1544	6114

The Family Court of East Baton Rouge Parish was originally established by the Louisiana Legislature under LA Acts 1990, No. 158 and is the only stand-alone family court in the state of Louisiana. The court consists of four judges who preside over matters including, but not limited to: divorces, community property division, spousal support, child visitation, child custody, child support, garnishments for spousal and child support, and domestic violence in the parish of East Baton Rouge.

STATISTICAL DATA

JEFFERSON			ORLEANS PARISH			GRAND TOTALS		
Filings	Charges	Children ¹	Filings	Charges	Children ¹	Filings	Charges	Children ¹
147	162	146	34	44	34	926	1026	925
687	1054	682	93	250	93	1600	2524	1595
330	504	327	803	1806	803	2431	4391	2428
15	15	15	0	0	0	16	20	16
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	8
136	136	136	0	0	0	487	487	402
								0
								0
217		217	208		208	792		1149
62		62	7		7	122		136
87		87	0		0	134		155
7		7	4		4	47		40
102		102	43		47	247		253
732		0	0		0	1183		625
0		0	16		16	70		70
0		0	0		0	78		78
0		0	0		0	0		0
0		0	0		0	0		0
0		0	0		0	10		10
391		391	198		198	1915		1918
2913	1871	2172	1406	2100	1410	10066	8456	9808



CITY AND PARISH COURTS

The city courts are courts of record. This means that their decisions are reviewed on appeal on the record, as opposed to being tried anew in a higher court. City courts generally exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in civil cases where the amount in controversy cannot exceed \$50,000. In criminal matters, they generally have jurisdiction over ordinance violations and misdemeanor violations of state law. City judges also handle a large number of traffic cases.

Louisiana's three parish courts are distinguishable from city courts only in that they are always staffed by full-time judges and their jurisdiction is a bit broader. Parish courts exercise jurisdiction in civil cases worth up to \$20,000 and criminal cases punishable by fines of \$1,000 or less, imprisonment of six months or less, or both. Cases are appealable from the parish courts directly to the courts of appeal.

2025 City & Parish Court Stats

Louisiana city and parish courts filings decreased by -2.76% from 446,354 filings in 2024 down to 434,054 filings in 2025. In 2025, civil filings increased by 4.27%, criminal filings decreased by -2.82%, juvenile filings decreased by -12.65%, and traffic filings decreased by -4.20%.

LOUISIANA CITY AND PARISH COURTS - CASES PROCESSED REPORT YEAR 2025

	FILED	TERM	FILED	TERM	FILED	TERM	FILED	TERM	FILED	TERM	FILED	TERM
CITY	CIVIL		CRIMINAL		TRAFFIC*		JUVENILE		TOTAL CASES		OTHER PROCEEDINGS	
ABBEVILLE	389	305	851	516	1,236	989	113	166	2,589	1,976	0	0
ALEXANDRIA	1,925	530	5,961	5,505	3,083	3,555	0	0	10,969	9,590	0	0
ASCENSION	1,185	205	2,601	2,710	7,123	7,178	289	405	11,198	10,498	0	0
BAKER	557	844	207	168	1,131	872	0	0	1,895	1,884	0	0
BASTROP	359	247	898	809	748	842	0	0	2,005	1,898	0	0
BATON ROUGE	6,312	4,006	3,856	1,144	19,356	12,326	0	0	29,524	17,476	20,751	5,356
BOGALUSA	295	251	682	601	1,295	924	139	128	2,411	1,904	2,617	2,617
BOSSIER CITY	1,902	1,464	1,537	1,498	9,021	8,985	405	406	12,865	12,353	237	296
BREAUX BRIDGE	367	301	178	154	580	610	31	27	1,156	1,092	97	83
BUNKIE	92	92	56	52	681	681	2	2	831	827	2	3
CROWLEY	411	579	521	557	12,102	9,234	201	97	13,235	10,467	0	0
DENHAM SPRINGS	1,817	1,437	499	507	2,995	2,870	258	223	5,569	5,037	0	0
EUNICE	361	273	255	265	1,317	1,441	116	72	2,049	2,051	0	0
FRANKLIN	253	52	392	345	1,654	1,358	40	12	2,339	1,767	0	0
HAMMOND	2,427	2,710	1,970	2,181	9,881	13,061	535	148	14,813	18,100	0	0
HOUMA	3,531	1,299	2,020	1,379	4,359	4,409	1,206	944	11,116	8,031	1,386	816
JEANERETTE	69	104	264	196	3,388	3,184	54	51	3,775	3,535	0	0
JEFF. 1ST PARISH CT.	4,485	5,097	2,441	4,908	30,746	30,993	0	0	37,672	40,998	0	0
JEFF. 2ND PARISH CT.	3,780	4,818	2,067	4,297	24,255	22,819	0	0	30,102	31,934	0	0
JENNINGS	299	252	486	286	7,652	5,387	30	36	8,467	5,961	0	0
KAPLAN	63	65	628	576	2,614	2,258	133	147	3,438	3,046	0	0
LAFAYETTE	4,297	4,364	2,201	2,379	15,945	16,048	467	436	22,910	23,227	937	937
LAKE CHARLES	2,963	2,398	2,066	2,076	4,504	4,495	103	104	9,636	9,073	0	0
LEESVILLE	176	65	303	209	1,201	911	107	50	1,787	1,235	0	0
MARKSVILLE	416	393	449	416	1,136	1,103	58	45	2,059	1,957	0	0
MINDEN	450	365	902	642	6,239	4,923	212	154	7,803	6,084	0	0
MONROE	3,094	2,841	2,252	1,831	8,938	8,444	247	295	14,531	13,411	2	0
MORGAN CITY	283	216	1,323	1,956	4,203	4,073	109	115	5,918	6,360	0	0
NATCHITOCHE	416	173	936	716	2,312	2,070	190	149	3,854	3,108	128	128
NEW IBERIA	1,035	810	674	593	931	919	182	153	2,822	2,475	220	166
N.O. 1ST CITY CT.	9,467	6,591	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,467	6,591	0	0
N.O. 2ND CITY CT.	1,456	1,260	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,456	1,260	0	0
N.O. MUNICIPAL	0	0	3,579	3,440	21,947	19,013	0	0	25,526	22,453	0	0
OAKDALE	154	101	103	112	2,993	2,993	79	47	3,329	3,253	0	0
OPELOUSAS	809	780	948	1,974	2,178	2,207	307	284	4,242	5,245	0	0
PINEVILLE	555	549	5,215	2,892	2,406	2,262	0	0	8,176	5,703	64	0
PLAQUEMINE	199	13	258	136	577	398	62	19	1,096	566	0	0
PORT ALLEN	187	83	99	72	9,903	7,536	0	0	10,189	7,691	0	0
RAYNE	4,840	4,688	39	37	1,264	1,586	49	37	6,192	6,348	0	0
RUSTON	1,055	736	855	758	3,795	3,918	0	0	5,705	5,412	861	361
SHREVEPORT	7,507	5,229	2,771	3,825	23,630	15,976	0	0	33,908	25,030	19,151	0
SLIDELL	2,608	2,270	4,563	3,884	5,699	4,966	986	913	13,856	12,033	3,437	3,437
SPRINGHILL	202	136	375	259	577	577	52	26	1,206	998	35	9
SULPHUR	736	518	1,529	1,593	6,727	6,859	8	8	9,000	8,978	185	128
THIBODAUX	540	356	887	1,913	2,617	2,803	236	231	4,280	5,303	0	0
VIDALIA	20	6	96	63	973	441	39	22	1,128	532	0	0
VILLE PLATTE	323	232	148	129	1,336	1,203	36	26	1,843	1,590	0	0
WEST MONROE	1,331	438	1,406	1,501	5,809	5,215	166	150	8,712	7,304	0	0
WINNFIELD	30	33	160	178	1,009	1,030	10	11	1,209	1,252	0	0
WINNSBORO	207	136	308	211	208	161	45	30	768	538	0	0
ZACHARY	729	347	339	238	2,360	3,759	0	0	3,428	4,344	0	0
State Totals:	76,964	61,058	63,154	62,687	286,634	259,865	7,302	6,169	434,054	389,779	50,110	14,337

LOUISIANA CITY AND PARISH COURTS

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